THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, MAY 21, 1867. VOLUME XVII.—NUMBER 254

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : : 25
To carriers and news-dealers, per copy : : 5
Weekly per annum (in advance) : : : 5 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : : : $1 00
" " each additional insertion : : 50
" " two weeks : : : : : : : 6 00
" " one month : : : : : : : 8 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after he first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitutes a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 20 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ Advertisements to be inserted in the weekly paper only, or at irregular intervals in either of the papers, will be charged $1 per square for each and every insertion.

☞ All advertisements not marked for a special time will be discontinued at the end of one week.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ No advertisement will appear in the weekly paper unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : : : $3 00
Clubs of ten or more, each : : : : 4 50
" " twenty or more, each : : : 4 00

Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

RENEW AND MASONIC CALENDAR.

A. L. 5867.

4 Tisri, 10th	September,	1866.
5 Kheswan, 10th	October,	"
6 Chisleu, 9th	November,	"
7 Tebaith, 8th	December,	"
8 Shebat, 7th	January,	1867.
1 Adar, 6th	February,	"
2 Veadar, 8th	March,	"
3 Nisan, 6th	April,	"
4 Iar, 6th	May,	"
5 Sivan, 4th	June,	"
6 Thamuz, 4th	July,	"
7 Ab, 3d	August,	"
1 Elul, 1st	September,	"

Ash Wednesday, 6th March, 1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April, "
Good Friday, 19th April, "
Easter Sunday, 21st April, "
Ascension, 30th May, "
Pentecost, 9th June, "
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mh14 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. C. Trader, W. M.; R. T. Tomlinson, Sec.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. P. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 284. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Moselle, W. M.; H. F. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month, 204 Front street. John Worsham, 391, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 523, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. A. J. Wheeler, H. P.; H. H. Paynter, Sec.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

A. AND A. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 *Front Street.*

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; Sec. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G. M.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Treas.; —, Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th.; No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M. W.; H. I. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K.—h, 26th.; No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, Comm.; William Y. Cirode 32d, Rec.

CONSISTORY OF WESTERN TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d, Comm.; in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.

RAILROADS.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, MEMPHIS, May 5, 1867.

On and after Monday, May 6th, the Trains upon this Road will run as follows:

Day Express Train—Leave Memphis every day (Sundays excepted) at 8.30 a.m.; making close connection at Humboldt with Mobile and Ohio Railroad for Jackson, Trenton, Union City, Paducah and Columbus, and at Cairo with Illinois Central Railroad for

ST. LOUIS IN 25 HOURS.

Chicago, Cincinnati and all points East. Also, Nashville via Clarksville in 14 hours, and to Louisville

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS

Making close connections there with Jeffersonville Railroad

FOR ALL POINTS EAST,

Reaching New York at 9.25 p.m., being the

Shortest, Best and Quickest Route

To New York and all Eastern Cities.

Mail Train at 4 p.m. every day, stopping at all Stations, making connections for

ALL POINTS EAST, WEST AND NORTH.

On this route Passengers go through to Louisville

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL POINTS.

Trains arrive at Memphis at 8.30 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.

For Through Tickets and all Information, apply at Ticket Office, 257 Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM'L R. JONES, General Superintendent.

my5 1m

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

TRAINS leave as follows (city time):

Through Express, Sundays excepted, 6:20 a.m.; Through Mail, 6:40 p.m.; Somerville Accommodation at 3:30 p.m. Grand Junction Accommodation Train, connecting with Mississippi Central Train, leaves at 12:30 p.m.

Express Train connects at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water Valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, Miss., New Orleans, La., etc.

At Corinth, for Okolona, Columbus, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.

At Decatur, for Columbia, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, etc.

At Chattanooga, for all places in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.

Through Mail connects at Grand Junction with trains for Bolivar and Jackson, Tenn.

At Decatur, for Athens, Pulaski, Athens, Columbia, Nashville, etc.

At Chattanooga Mail trains connect for same points as Express trains.

Baggage checked through.

For rates and further information, apply at the office, No. 13 Court street.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

A. A. BARNES, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

ap14 tf S. H. SHOCK, Passenger Agent.

Diamond Line.

THROUGH Receipts given for COTTON via Cincinnati by rail or river. Time guaranteed—Rates sealed—no change from Cincinnati to New York. W. JAY JOHNSON, Star Wharfboat.

mh5 tf

A. H. ISAACSON. H. O. SEIXAS

ISAACSON, SEIXAS & CO., Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

IMPORTERS,

No. 66 Common Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchase of Coffee, Sugar and Molasses.

REFERENCES:

Commercial Bank of Tennessee, Memphis; Fiske, Lapeyre & Brother, New Orleans; S. M. Kenyon, Banker, St. Louis. feb28 tf

HAIR! HAIR! HAIR!

F. LAVIGNE, HAIR DRESSER.

No. 355 Main Street, (Up Stairs).

MR. F. LAVIGNE would respectfully inform the ladies of Memphis that he will leave the city in sixty days for Paris, to make ample selections and arrangements for this market. In order to this he offers his rich and well assorted styles of Hair Goods at a great reduction of prices. Call and get satisfied that his stock is the best ever brought to this market. ☞ Bulletin copy. ap2 2m

CONFECTIONERIES.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY REOPENED!

Confectionary in Every Variety,

And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES

Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. mh17 tf

P. H. HEINRICH & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Confectioners

—And—

CANDY MANUFACTURERS!

Dealers in Imported

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Fruits, etc.,

No. 236 Front Street,

mh17 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

INSURANCE AGENCIES

THE ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets April 1st, over : $1,500,000.

D. A. JANUARY, : President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-President.
WM. T. SELBY, : : Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, Gen'l Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas,	Henry Overstolz,
Samuel Willi,	Nick. Schaefer,
Robt. M. Funkhouser,	William T. Gay,
Chas. H. Peck,	David Keith,
Robt. K. Woods,	R. P. Hanenkamp,
Jules Valle,	Isaac W. Mitchell,
Geo. R. Robinson,	D. A. January,
Chas. W. McCord,	Wm. J. Lewis,
John F. Thornton,	R. Rozier, Jr.,
Ben. M. Runyan,	Jacob Tamm,
Hon. John Hogan.	

THIS Company is one Polteies on lives on all the different plans and at as low rates as safe rates as any other while it has no restrictions in regard to residence or travel, and all its profits are divided annually among its policy holders. It is prompt in the payment of losses, having paid $35,000 in this city in the last eight months.

OFFICE IN MEMPHIS

—AT—

NO. 42 MADISON STREET, DeSoto Block.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

J. S. WHITE, M. D. W. T. IRWIN, M. D.

McMAHON & OTIS,

General Agents, Memphis, Tenn.,

For West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, to whom all applications for Insurance or Agencies should be addressed.

J. H. McMAHON, NEWTON S. OTIS.

mh13 3m

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, - - - $300,000

Office, 22 Madison Street.

DIRECTORS:

F. W. Smith,	W. H. Cuerry,
Geo. W. Trotter,	F. S. Davis,
C. F. Smith,	E. M. Gates,
C. Partee,	J. W. Jefferson,
Coromia,	C. P. Norris,
A. P. Burditt,	J. J. Murphy,
W. Y. Cirode,	Dan. Able,
Oscar Minor,	L. M. Wolcott,
H. A. Littleton,	Edward Warburg,
Napoleon Hill,	H. M. Lowenstein.

C. P. NORRIS, President.

G. W. TROTTER, Vice-President.

J. R. STEBBINS, Secretary.

feb26 3m

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 12 Jefferson Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is only a safe local business to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

H. LAIRD, : : President.

DIRECTORS:

S. H. DUNSCOMB, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
B. M. HOWARD, A. C. TREADWELL.

BEN MAY, : : Secretary.

mh21 2m

TAILORING, SCOURING

J. C. THRALL & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 19 JEFFERSON STREET.

A SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF

Cloths & Cassimeres Just Received.

☞ WM. ROGERS, formerly with Messrs. Power & McGeoy, can be found here ready to wait upon his old and new customers.

my8

ALEX. MURRAY. S. E. RIDDELY.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY, MERCHANT TAILORS

NO. 31 MADISON STREET,

Merchant Tailoring Goods.

WE make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction in all cases.

ap9 2m

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING,

—AND—

REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAACS, ISAACS,

541-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done.

mar3

SALES EXTRAORDINARY!

The finest, most varied and complete stock of

CLOTHING

Formerly owned by

J. H. WAGGENER,

Is now retailed BELOW Eastern COST, by

GEN. FRANK C. ARMSTRONG,

Agent of Purchasers. The whole of this immense and varied stock of the CHEAPEST GOODS EVER BROUGHT TO MEMPHIS

Must be Sold within Sixty Days

Those who call first will have the first choice. Possession of the house must be given within sixty days.

CALL AT ONCE!

City and Country Trade Supplied, Wholesale and Retail.

ap20 tf

ABSTRACT OFFICE.

ROOM NO. 1,

Corner Monroe and Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. OKNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete deraignments of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.

mh20 tf Successors to Bond & Campbell.

JACOB VOORHEIS, Memphis, Tenn. D. A. WILLIAMSON, Late with Williamson, Hill & Co.

VOORHEIS & WILLIAMSON,

DEALERS IN

QUEENSWARE,

China, Glass and Earthenware,

Silver Plated and Britania Goods,

TABLE CUTLERY AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

No. 178 Main Street,

Near Overton Hotel, MEMPHIS, TENN.

mh24 3m

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

MEMPHIS:

TUESDAY, : : : : : : : : MAY 21, 1867

BREVITIES.

—The Audubon club of Chicago wants 10,000 live pigeons.

—A camp of Penobscot Indians is established in Auburn, Maine.

—The receipts of the sub treasury at New York for Thursday, were $4,677,457.

—Logan, democrat, has been elected mayor of Williamsport, Pa., by 182 majority.

—The deaths in Brooklyn last week were 144.

—The great trot between Dexter and Goldsmith's mare was won by the former. Time, 2:28½ and 2:32.

—The Fenian organization in Ireland is said to be still in working order and unimpaired in force.

—Twelve thousand eight hundred and twenty-six steerage passengers have arrived at New York since the first instant, from European ports.

—Zoe, the "Cuban sylph," has left the stage temperally, on account of bad health.

—There were 3820 steamboat arrivals in St. Louis for the year ending Saturday, May 16th.

—It is not perhaps generally known that Henry Ward Beecher taught school in New Orleans in 1841 and 1842.

—Candles are made out of bayberries at Newton, N. J., and are said to be superior to the best tallow.

—Alice Cary has written a novel entitled "The Bishop's Son," and the scene is laid in New England.

—Cucumbers sold in the Cincinnati market on Wednesday morning for fifty cents each. Tomatoes have also appeared there.

—The two discoverers of gold in California are now in destitute circumstances.

—France exports annually about three and a half million dollars worth of publications of all kinds.

—Miss M. Carpenter, who went to India to learn how the female population may be best educated, has returned to England.

—The Kenton (Ohio) *Democrat* nominates the Hon. George H. Pendleton for president.

—A paper mill, turning out paper of excellent quality, has been put in operation in Petersburg, Va.

—Gold is generally more valuable in France than in England, and silver in England than in France.

—Brigham Young, jr., is in London picking up Mormon proselytes, and sending the women off to Salt Lake.

—A number of English capitalists are examining the mineral land in southwestern Virginia, with a view to making investments.

—A small gold brick, valued at $500, has been received in New Haven from the new mines near Morgantown, North Carolina.

—Philadelphia is to have its society for preventing cruelty to animals, and one man gives $6,000 to set it in operation.

—The union league in Alabama consists of two hundred lodges and thirty thousand members. A good nest egg for the republican party.

—Vermont has but two distilleries, in place of the forty, twenty-five years ago.

—The railroads of New Jersey have split on negro suffrage.

—The New York *Freedman's Journal* of last week, says: "Let us prepare to *repudiate* the Lincoln *war debt!* When we do that, labor will once more make a good living for the laboring kind.

—Mrs. Thankful Southwick, a well known friend, abolitionist, and rescuer of slaves, died lately in Grantville, Mass., in her seventy-fifth year.

—In Logan, Hocking county, Ill., on Monday, two women, relatives, named Mortlins, quarreled and assailed each other with clubs. In the melee a child of one of the female savages was killed.

—There is a negro in New Albany, Ind., who is gradually turning white. And a good many whites in the south are rapidly turning black.

—Mullahch has dropped Frederick the Great. Her last novel, just published in Germany, is entitled "Marie Antoinette and Her Son."

—David Files, who fired the first shot at the chief of police, Carpenter, in Mobile, is the only one arrested. It is said he aimed directly at Judge Kelly, but was unfortunate in his aim.

—It is rumored that England designs to seize Cuba in the event of any difficulty with Spain, and will endeavor to retain the island as a base in the gulf of Mexico.

—A monument to cost $70,000 will be erected in Central park, N. Y., to the members of the 7th regiment who were killed during the rebellion. It suffered terribly, losing nine men killed.

—The Kansas republican state central committee will organize on a negro suffrage basis. The negroes oppose females voting.

—The Germans in New York have determined to organize for the purpose of agitating against the excise law.

—The New York *Post* abuses the game of base ball, because of its tendencies to gambling. Pity the exercise was ever invented. Match games have been prohibited on Elysian fields.

—A suit has been commenced against the English bark Siam, at San Francisco, to recover $10,000 for a breach of the California passenger act.

—A lady defends the Atlanta bunqueters from the charge of not having kissed the Pope's toe. She says they came as near to it as they could. They licked his boots.

—A country paper in Wisconsin says the legislation of that state "has adjourned *sine compos.*"

—A southern editor says he recently drew a lottery prize consisting of thirty-eight articles. It was a pint of bitters with that number of ingredients.

—A Wisconsin court lately decided that a man has a right to chastise his wife to a "reasonable extent."

—A man in St. Louis was placed under a bond of $150, the other day, to keep the peace toward a dog which he had threatened to kill.

—English engineers have been studying the pass over Mount St. Gothard, with a view to establishing a railway across it. The longest tunnel would be over three miles.

—A gentleman of Selma, Ala., estimates that 3,000,000 has been sent northward from that city since January, and that as much more will go before the close of the season.

—Recently the young marquis of Bute, one of the wealthiest men in the three kingdoms, has become a convert to the Roman Catholic faith.

—A negress in St. Louis, forty-eight years old, committed suicide Saturday night, drowning in a pond of water less than a foot deep.

—Philip Reardon sucked alcohol from a barrel on one of the Boston wharves on Saturday until he became so drunk that he died. A great moral idea.

—A lady correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* asserts that in going through the Old Capitol prison lately she was shown the *heart of Wirz*, preserved in a glass jar. Comment is unnecessary on such disgusting barbarism! such *disgrace on the American name!*

—On the evening of the 13th inst., as the sexton of the First Baptist church, Augusta, Ga., was lighting up the edifice, the entire ceiling fell with a loud crash, and smashed many pews and some furniture. Fortunately, none of the congregation had assembled, and no one was injured.

—A villain named Condon, aged forty-five years, abandoned his wife and children at Quincy, Ill., and eloped with his wife's niece, only sixteen years old, to St. Joseph, Mo.

—A large fire has occurred in New York, the loss netting over one hundred thousand dollars.

—Isaian T. Williams, John Fitch, Isaac Dayton, Henry W. Allen, Jas. F. Dwight and Edgar Ketchum, have been appointed registers of bankruptcy for New York city.

—A northern Jenkins writes that the family of Gen. Grant will leave Washington about the 15th instant for Old Point, where they will be the guests of Gen. Scofield's lady during the summer season.

—In Chicago real estate is out of the reach of any but the rich. Four and five miles south of the business center of the city real estate is selling at from $30 to $50 per foot. At Hyde park, six miles south, small two-story houses on small lots sell from $6000 to $10,000, and rent from $400 to $800 a year.

—The oldest English newspaper discovered is a quarto pamphlet of a few leaves entitled "The Diurnal Occurrences, or Daily Proceedings of Both Houses, in this great and happy Parliament, from the third of November, 1640, to the third of November, 1641."

—A man in Boston having experienced the sort of religion most in vogue there, smashed his marble copy of the Venus di Medicis, burnt his pictures and his large but secular library, like a fine old Puritan geezer of the real old kind.

—An unprecedented fact has occurred at the exhibition of paintings in Paris. M. Jean de Waldeck, born at Vienna, March 16, 1776, but naturalized French, and who therefore has completed his one hundred and first year, exhibits two oil paintings, both of which he executed this winter. M. de Waldeck is the pupil of David and Prudhon.

THE New York *Evening Gazette* tells the young ladies what to beware of if they would have a healthy and youthful appearance: "Late hours, large crinoline, tight corsets, confectionery, hot bread, cold draughts, pastry, decollette dress, modern novels, furnace registers, easy carriages, late suppers, thin shoes, fear of knowledge, nibbling between meals, ill-temper, haste to marry, dread of growing old."

STATE ITEMS.

—The Knoxville *Whig* affords the following valuable information: Capt. Hall's company of state guards will be mustered into service in Knoxville, and armed and equipped on Friday the 31st of May; Capt. Harris' company at New Market, on Saturday, the 1st of June; Capt. James R. Evans' at Morristown, Monday, June 3d. Speeches are expected on these occasions from Maynard, Cooper, Houk, and others.

—Mr. Salpan, contractor for the Knoxville and Charleston railroad bridge over the Holston river, has commenced work, and will vigorously put it to a speedy completion.

—East Tennessee, in every direction, gives the most gratifying promise of an immense wheat yield from the present crop. A scarcity of seed at the season for planting curtailed to a certain extent the area planted, but from what was sown a large return is now almost certain.

—The *Banner* says: "The Independent Bumblebee and Brownlow Blow Gun" is the title of a radical paper soon to be started in Chattanooga.

—Riding parties of ladies and gentlemen, says the *American Union*, daily leave Chattanooga to gather strawberries at the foot of Missionary Ridge, where they grow wild in great abundance.

—The *Home Journal* says: There is not a single rebel (so-called) who objects to an original union man as his ruler. We have nothing to say against their past devotion to their ideas of government, if they have been consistent, and original union men, and not turn-coats and time-servers of the hour.

—The Knoxville *Commercial* of May 16th, chronicles the visit to that town of a magnificent bald eagle, but the majestic liberty loving bird did not soil his feet with the dust of such a radical town, by **alighting**, but soared in circles until it attained an altitude rendering it no longer visible to the hundreds of interested spectators watching his flight.

—A fire company is in process of formation at Pulaski. A fire occurred at that place on Wednesday last, about four a.m., which destroyed one hundred thousand dollars' worth of property. Two or three stores and several lawyers' offices were destroyed.

—The *Banner* of the 15th mentions the arrest of a lawyer in Nashville, named J. P. Rexford, charged with stealing a watch. He gave bond.

In the same issue the editor says: The Hon. T. A. R. Nelson laughs heartily at Brownlow's attempt to conciliate him. He knows even more than John Baxter, and will tell what he knows before long.

ALABAMA ITEMS.

—Three or four negroes engaged in the perpetration of the recent fiendish outrage at a wood yard near Mobile, have been captured and placed in jail to await trial. Many of their own race express a wish to lynch them.

—The *Register and Advertiser* gives a lengthy account of a meeting held in Mobile on Thursday last, whereat strong resolutions were passed condemning the course of the rioters on the occasion of Mr. Kelly's inflammatory speech in that city, and otherwise deprecating the apprehended wrath of those who sent Kelly where he had no business to come. It is a pity the people of the "territories" have not more self-respect. Opposed as we are, and ever shall be, to all riotous conduct, or interference with freedom of speech, after it *had occurred* there was no necessity, we think, for a public expression of regret on the part of the citizens for what they could neither have forseen nor prevented; and the more so, as it will prove of no avail in lessening the vindictive action of the radical congress, who sent such creatures as this to the south, with probably no other object than to produce just the result his speech did at Mobile.

—The mayor and council of Selma have been removed by Gen. Swayne and new officers appointed.

—Mrs. Ellen Goodrum, of Lauderdale county, aged one hundred years, was burnt to death on the 9th.

MISSOURI ITEMS.

—Efforts are being made to build a gravel road from Hannibal to Frankford.

—The streets of St. Joseph are being thoroughly cleaned, a sanitary measure much needed.

—Chillicothe is fortunate—or unfortunate, we don't know which—having two mayors and councils. The matter will be legally tested.

—Grasshoppers are appearing in heavy numbers at Weston and vicinity.

—A contract for grading Main street, Platte City, has been awarded at twenty-seven and a half cents per cubic yard.

—A man named Hennessey, while hunting some horse thieves, was drowned near Lexington.

—Fourteen thousand hogs were slaughtered at Hannibal last year, cattle one thousand three hundred, and sheep two thousand three hundred.

LATE FROM WASHINGTON.

(Special dispatch to St. Louis republican.)

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The supreme court, to-day, dismissed the original bill, filed on behalf of Mississippi, and directed against Gen. Ord, to restrain the enforcement of the reconstruction act on the same ground as stated in the Georgia case—that this court had not the original jurisdiction. It also dismissed the amended Mississippi bill for the same reason. This was filed a few days since, and was finally argued yesterday. This ends all attempts by the judicial process in this court to prevent the enforcement of the reconstruction law.

The whole question is likely to come up again at the December term of the court on regular appeal through the lower courts, in which event the supreme court will have appelate jurisdiction, and thus open the merits of the whole question. A list of cases will be made in one or more of the southern states, and by some of the counsel engaged in those just decided.

The judiciary committee did nothing to-day with the impeachment investigation, but took up the question of title in the Kansas branch of the Union Pacific railroad, which they were directed by the house to investigate. Two parties claim the road, and as the government advances its bonds on the completion of certain sections, the ownership becomes a matter of no little interest to them. The issue not having been settled by the courts, congress directed its judicial committee to examine into the law and the facts.

A letter from New Orleans says that the returns from registration in Louisiana show that but very few white people are being registered. In St. Charles parish, for instance, the registry stands 345 colored to 6 whites; in St. Bernard parish 300 colored to 80 whites.

The summons which has been served on Gen. Burton, commanding at Fort Monroe, to appear before the judiciary committee is for the purpose of having him detail certain conversations which he is reported to have had with Mr. Davis.

Secretary Stanton and Welles, Attorney General Stanbery and Postmaster General Randall had interviews with the executive this evening, during which the opinion of Attorney General Stanbery on the reconstruction act was opened again for discussion.

The president informed several Boston gents to-day that he did not think there was any doubt but he should visit their city in June. He should make a sea voyage, he said, and proceed by rail.

The country over seems to be infected with a common desire to become the head of whatever designs of a pioneer character that the government may have in contemplation for the territory of Russian America. Countless offers have already been received at the state department from well-known savans offering their leadership to any expedition that may be formed. It is understood that no enterprise of this character is deemed desirable by Secretary Seward before another summer, when, if possible, the aid and conduct of the distinguished naturalist and traveller, Professor Agassiz, will be sought.

The completeness with which congress has shorn the president of any interest or authority in certain local offices of this district, is best exemplified by the manner in which the executive's endorsement of applicant's papers is treated now a days. Among those incumbents, whose official creation has been transferred to congress, a printer, known to Mr. Johnson, during the latters's career in Tennessee, to-day, presented a letter to Mr. Defrees, public printer, in which his excellency ventured the earnest hope that a place would be made in the department for the bearer, a faithful typo and an old friend. The response to this presentation upon the part of Defrees was sharply indicative that he owed nothing to the president beyond a removal which congress had counterchanged, and that no indorsement from the white house could have any weight in influencing an addition to or subtraction from the list of employes engaged in the office of public printing.

Gen. Butler has indicated these several days past that he has yet in reserve his strongest card against Mr. Bingham's conduct of the conspiracy trial. It is supposed it relates more particularly to certain notes and data derived from Mr. John T. Ford, the proprietor of the theatre wherein President Lincoln met his death, and who, it will be remembered, was imprisoned for six weeeks in the old capitol with a score or more of persons, arrested upon suspicion of complicity. The conversations and general communication had among these prisoners, together with the affrighted utterances of the government witness Welchman, then also under duress, are said to have made up important conversations affecting the theory of the guilt and innocence; all of which Mr. Ford had committed to a diary and now submits to the keeping of Butler.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Noon Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW YORK, May 20.—Havana advices of the 14th say the Spanish fleet at Santiago de Cuba had sailed for Montevido and Rio Janeiro.

A compact has been entered into between the public treasurer and Bano Espanal, whereby the latter engages to pay all the treasury bonds as they fall due, for certain conditions guaranteed by the former.

The consul of the Mexican republic on the island has been heavily fined for exercising such an office for a government not recognized by the authorities.

Mr. Davis remains a guest of Mr. Charles O'Connor at Washington Heights.

The *Times'* special says it has transpired in the impeachment investigation that in the examination of the Adams express agent regarding transmission of pardons to the south, testimony was elicited showing that they were sent marked $300, C. O. D., but ther pesident is not directly implicated. There is no doubt but pardons were sent in this manner though it does not necessarily reflect on Mr. Johnson, still the fact cannot be disproved.

A Washington special says although Surratt's trial is set for Monday week, there is reason to believe that the prosecution will not then be ready.

Last evening a party of Pennsylvania capitalists, about twenty in number, arrived in Richmond on a prospecting tour through the state. It is said they represent some $40,000,000 capital, and that the resources of the state of Virginia, in the shape of coal and tobacco, will receive a new impetus from their visit.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., May 20.—Judge Kelly addressed a large crowd, composed equally of whites and blacks, on Saturday. His remarks were confined almost exclusively to a contrast between the two sections, and in favor of the north, from which he inferred that the institution of slavery and the prejudices of the southern whites had been the encumberers upon the southern section. He was listened to attentively, and was frequently cheered.

GEORGIA ITEMS.

—The new mayor and board of aldermen appointed by Gen. Pope at Augusta have commenced their administration of affairs by a thorough system of retrenchment in every department of the municipal government.

—A schooner arrived at Savannah on the 10th inst. with 140 tons of rails for the Macon and Atlaata railroad, manufactured at the Tredegar works at Richmond, Va., which, it is said, produces rails superior to those made at the north or imported.

—Three hundred acres of choice land sold at Covington, Newton county, last week at one dollar and five cents per acre. Before the war it would have readily commanded ten.

—Frost occurred on the 5th inst. in various places severe enough to kill cotton and tender vegetation. The Cuthbert *Appeal* says specimens of cotton had been exhibited which were completely blighted from its effects, and that the extent of the injury could not be fully stated.

The Baineridge *Argus* of the 11th says the railroad to Bainbridge is now virtually an accomplished fact. Before the year 1867 shall have taken its final departure, we may confidently expect to hear the scream of the locomotive on the banks of the Flint river. This is an extension or branch of the Atlantic and Gulf railway.

—The annual Georgia railroad convention is in session at Augusta. Hon. J. P. King, president for the past twenty years, was re-elected.

—Ira H. Taylor, auditor of the State road, killed himself on the 12th.

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Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

MEMPHIS.

TUESDAY, : : : : : : : MAY 21, 1867

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ASSOCIATE EDITOR.....St. CLAIR DEARING.
BUSINESS MANAGER.....JOHN AINSLIE.

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Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

TO THE READERS OF THE APPEAL.

The constantly enlarging circulation of the APPEAL, and the generous support given to both the Daily and Weekly issues by city and country, assure the proprietors of the general approval by the public of its course since it came into their hands.

Its Past is the pledge it offers for the Future. It will continue to endeavour, in accordance with the motto which it has adopted, to say those things only that are true and honest. It has but a single Client, the People of the South, and it will endeavor to advise its readers wisely. In that it may often fail; but its opinions shall always be honest and conscientious, at least.

Those to whom its conduct is entrusted will continue to endeavor to make the APPEAL acceptable to its readers, and desirable as a medium for advertising. The Masonic column will continue to appear every Sunday, with other reading appropriate to that day: and the proprietors hope, by close attention to the affairs of the papers and office, to still entitle it to the support and confidence of the people, on which alone it depends.

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FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
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LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all laws, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

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STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

APPROVAL of the efforts of the President to prevent the annihilation of civil liberty by the revolutionizing of the Government, and to restore the Union of the States; and of all that he has done to defend the Constitution and to maintain the rightful supremacy of the civil law; and charity and allowance for what he has left undone or done amiss.

A LESSON FROM HISTORY.

When JAMES II., in June, 1687, transmitted to Scotland his third Indulgence, tolerating the free exercise of religious worship, the Scottish Covenanters refused to accept it. The reasons given by them were these:

"*They considered it as flowing from absolute power, a power which all were to obey without reserve, which cannot be limited by laws, and therefore they could not accept of it without acknowledging a power incompatible with the law of God and the liberties of mankind:* they considered that the proper tendency of it was to introduce a *lordess loyalty, establish the King's tyranny, and unite the hearts of Protestants to Papists.* But, above all, they considered the nature of this pretended liberty as most dishonorable to the cause of Christ: for though nothing is more desirable than when true liberty is established by the Government, yet nothing can be more vile than when the true religion is tolerated under the notion of a crime, *and when the exercise of it is only tolerated under such and such restrictions.*"

Absolute power, exercised by the Congress of the United States, permits such of the people of the Southern States as it allows to vote, in conjunction with the negroes lately slaves, to frame new Constitutions for those States, admitting the existing ones to be nullities, and incorporating in the new ones such provisions as Congress dictates.

To accept these terms, those of the South who are permitted to vote, must agree, must solemnly admit their conscientious convictions of the nature of the Government and the rights of the States to be false, that they have been rebels and traitors, every one of whom deserves to be hung as a malefactor, and that the United States were perfectly justifiable in crushing out the attempt of the Southern States to gain their independence. They must also disfranchise their own leaders, and confer the right of voting, and sitting on juries and holding office, on all negroes, of the male sex and adults.

If the reader will now once more read carefully the foregoing extract from the history of Scotland, he will not fail to be struck with its singular relevancy to the present crisis in our affairs. The people of our Southern States, also, cannot do what is demanded of them, "without acknowledging a power inconsistent with the law of God and the liberties of mankind." Their submission will introduce "a lawless loyalty," establish the tyranny of Congress, and turn all who consent to accept the humiliation of co-operation, into Radicals. What is the difference between the "Submissionists" so bitterly denounced in 1850 and 1880, and the Co-operationists or Reconstructionists of to-day?

Nothing could be more desirable than for the Union to be restored, and reconstruction to be effected, upon true principles and grounds of constitutional liberty, and when votes and consciences were free and a brute majority of ignorance could not overpower reason and right. But nothing could be more vile than reconstruction, when only part of the citizens are allowed to participate in it by their votes; when those who do participate have to submit to dishonorable and degrading conditions, such as are not often demanded of men until they are supposed to have lost all self-respect; and when the exercise of the ordinary rights of freemen, in making the Constitution that is to govern them, is only tolerated under restrictions that make it a dishonour to act at all.

The following passage of the same history is also singularly applicable to the present condition of affairs. The historian of Scotland says, of the year 1687:

"The proceedings in Scotland at this time exhibit the natural evils of despotism, in the strange mixture of severity and laxness that marked its wayward operations:—its favours were precarious, its mischief certain. *The pains of the Court were now lavished on those men whom it had formerly persecuted;* and the former ready instruments were irritated and estranged. Without any steady support being derived from the others, who perceived the very slippery ground on which they stood, and knew that they only preserved their footing so long as subservient to a purpose, *which, when they had exercised to effect, they would speedily be discharged.* The Court was endeavouring to tender the friends of freedom the instruments of its destruction, while *they* were endeavouring to effect the overthrow of the tyranny by which they had already suffered, and beneath which they could never be secure."

So, to-day, the favours of the Congressional despotism are precarious and its mischiefs certain. Its smiles are lavished upon the ORRS, the PATTONS, and others, whom it formerly persecuted. Do these perceive the slippery ground on which they stand? Do they know that they only preserve their footing so long as subservient to a purpose,—reconstruction,—which when they shall have contributed to effect, they will speedily be discharged?

The Jacobin faction is endeavouring to render the friends of freedom in the South the instruments of its destruction, by investing with the right of suffrage and the powers of Government, an immense mass of human creatures not fit to exercise one or possess the other.

The rulers of Scotland in 1687, amid declarations of tolerance and indemnity, did not desist from occasional displays of oppression. ANDERSON, YOUNGER of Wasterton, shortly after the proclamation of the first indulgence, happening in a tavern, in a casual debate over a glass of wine, to maintain, for the sake of argument, the lawfulness of defensive arms against tyrannical Princes, and having spoken irreverently of the King's absolute power assumed in that declaration, was informed against, tried for treason and forfeited.

The last of the persecuted who sealed with their blood upon the scaffold, the cause of freedom and religion, was JAMES RENWICK, a preacher, long obnoxious to Government, "who had set a reward of £100 sterling on his head, as he was almost the only minister who asserted a right to preach the gospel, wherever he had opportunity, uncontrollable by any human ruler."

"When the toleration was granted, and so many had complied, he lamented *that good men, through timidity or love of ease, should have strengthened the hands and encouraged the claims, of arbitrary power,* BY CONSENTING TO ACCEPT OF AN UNCERTAIN INDULGENCE FROM THE CAPRICE OF A TYRANT, in place of that constitutional liberty which had been so repeatedly and so solemnly secured by the acts of legislature and the oaths of the Nation." He came to Edinburgh "to protest against the dereliction of principle which such conduct evinced." In January 1688, in which year the long reign of tyranny and persecution was to end, he returned again to Edinburgh, was arrested, accused of disowning the authority of the King and keeping field-conventicles in opposition to the law, denied neither, "and being found guilty received the sentence of a rebel." He would not save his life by complying, when the Court had resolved him, in order to induce him to do so. He "*constantly refused to make any concession which might be construed into owning a power, which, he considered, the deserted cause of God and the violated Constitution of his country called upon him to resist.*"

He was executed, his last words being these: "As for the remnant I leave, I have committed them to GOD; tell them from me not to weary nor be discouraged in maintaining the testimony; let them not quit nor forego one of those despised truths! Keep your ground!"—RENWICK cried, on the scaffold. You have no right to *give* away any part of your heritage of freedom. You hold it in trust for the coming generations. Let Power *take* it from you, if it will. You will still have the right of reclamation of that whereof you may be robbed. What you *give* away is gone from you forever. For, as is most truly said, by the wise old Frenchman, MONTAIGNE:

"What fear has once made me willing to do, I am bound to do when I and no more in fear; and though that fear only prevailed with my tongue, without forcing my will, yet am I bound to keep my word. Otherwise by detaining what shall be in all the right another pretends to from our promise and word: *Quæ vero forti viro, ea pasit adhiberi.* 'As though a man truly valiant could be compelled."

THE PAROLED.

Very little has been said in respect to the forfeiture of honour by the United States in their course towards the principal officers who were paroled at the time of the surrender of the Confederate armies; because no one was surprised at either ignorance or disregard of the laws of war and the *jus gentium*, on the part of the authorities at Washington.

After the battle of Pentland (Nov. 28, 1666), in which DALZIEL defeated the Covenanters under Colonel WALLACE, the prisoners were taken to Edinburgh and thrust into Haddo's Hole, to await their destiny: "A few of the chiefs only, who were intended for immediate trial, obtaining the superior accommodations of the Tolbooth."

Of the fate of these prisoners of note, history, writing in red letters the infamy of the government of CHARLES II, gives the following account:

"*As they had surrendered upon promises of quarter*"—they were not *paroled*, like Lee and Johnston and their officers,—it became a question before the council, *whether the public faith should be kept*, or whether they should be proceeded against as traitors? It was in vain contended that the power delegated to the soldier in the field was as full as that to the council at their board; that the terms granted by the one ought as strictly to be observed as the pardons of the other: that civilians were decided in their opinions, that quarter to rebels ought to be kept; that this had been the practice in France, Holland, and in the late civil wars; *and that none could accept quarter, were it merely a reservation for a public trial.* The quibble, however, of one of the council, that their being pardoned as soldiers and did not acquit them as subjects, prevailed—and ten were sent to trial: among whom were Maj John McCulloch of Barholm, Capt. John Arnot, and two young gentlemen, brothers, the Gordons of Knockbreck."

"The pleadings were long and ingenious; but the Court sustained the relevancy of the indictment, and, coinciding in judgment with the Council, the prisoners were sentenced to the doom of traitors; they all died with constancy, and left behind them an united testimony, which must ever exculpate them from the charge of fanatical rebellion. They all rejoiced in a species of propnetical anticipation of deliverance for their country, and their last breathing died away in wishes for the welfare of Scotland."

The quibble of the Scottish Lord of the Council has been followed as a precedent by that shame of the Bench, UNDERWOOD, and even by tribunals whose Judges were at least decent men. LEE was indicted for treason, notwithstanding his parole; and the 'quibble,' which a creature of LAUDERDALE employed, that the basest and meanest government ever known might murder its prisoners of war and put others of them, (NIELSON of Corsack and HUGH MCKAIL), to the torture of the *boot*, has become *law* in the United States, where Republicanism eagerly adopts all the villainous precedents of the worst despotisms, and not only does not deem it necessary to excuse its most shameful breaches of public faith, its most outrageous violations of private right, its most scandalous acts of public dishonesty, but on the contrary justifies and is proud of them all.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH.

Colonel R. M. EDWARDS of Cleveland, Tennessee, has been indicted by a grand jury of McMinn county, "for making an insurrectionary and treasonable speech in Athens:" and J. S. SHANGLE, "a Radical, but opposed to the militia bill and extravagance of the last Legislature," attempted, at Blountsville, on the 6th of the present month, "by permission of the Chairman of the Court, C. E. WARREN, Esq.," "to address the citizens of the County on the leading topics of the day;" but, he says, "I had not proceeded far in discussing our great indebtedness of the State and County, by high taxation, *when I was called to order, and to abandon my speech,* AS HE CONSIDERED IT TREASON AGAINST THE STATE." A second DOGBERRY come to judgment, who should also have been Foreman of the Grand Jury of McMinn county!

We publish nothing on mere rumour and make no charges on hearsay. The foregoing statements come from the Knoxville *Whig* and Bristol *News*, and are therefore undoubtedly true. Being so, they are worthy of note, as the sticks and chips on a stream show the force and direction of its current. They prove that the liberties of the people, in Tennessee, are rapidly gliding away from them; and that it is no more a free State now than it was two years ago.

When the Marquis of ARGYLE was tried, in 1661, before the obsequious and profligate Parliament of Scotland, "the Advocates, Messrs. SINCLAIR, CUNNINGHAM and MACKENZIE (afterward Sir GEORGE), protested, that as they pleaded for the Marquis by order of Parliament, in an action for treason, and as some observations might escape them which might be interpreted as treasonable, that they should not be responsible for them. But the Parliament would not admit the protestation, lest, under that pretext, they might utter things prejudicial to his Majesty's Government; and they were therefore informed that they must speak upon their hazard."

Tyranny always has the same earmarks. The State in which the Governor threatens to send negro troops to places where candidates are to address the people, which negro troops will not stand quietly by and hear the acts of those in power discussed and denounced,—the State in which a Grand Jury indicts a freeman for making "insurrectionary and treasonable speeches," because he denounces the extravagance of the State Government, need stickle at nothing, and might as well adopt at once all the legislation of the Scottish Parliament under MIDDLETON and LAUDERDALE.

Among the rest, we commend to the Legislature, for immediate imitation, that "abominable Statute," of "Leasing Making." If a man pleaded for the rights of his country in Parliament, he was liable, according to it, to be tried for high treason, as attempting to render the subject dissatisfied with the conduct of his Sovereign. To attempt to render Tennesseans dissatisfied with the conduct of BROWNLOW is also considered treason, it seems, in McMinn, and by "the chairman of the Court" at Blountville. If the most flagrant attack upon public liberty was brought forward in the meeting of the Estates, in the shape of "An Act," whoever opposed it was liable to the highest penalties of law, as creating disloyalty in the lieges; and if on a criminal trial the accused justified himself, by producing the most wanton oppression on the part of the servants of the Crown, he was liable to be found guilty of death, for stirring up mischief between the King and the People. And on the trial of ARGYLE, the advocates could only bring forward exculpatory proof, or produce recriminating facts, at the hazard of being themselves tried for a crime of the same magnitude with that of the pannel whom they were appointed to defend.

Of this "horrible law," Scotland was not freed until the Revolution of 1689. If the Parliamentary despotism of Congress and that of the Legislature of Tennessee are allowed to continue much longer, who can say that such legislation will not be resorted to here? It will be little worse than what has already been done. When free speech is suppressed, all the rest follows as of course.

NATIONAL TAXATION.

The people of the North, to whom the late war has all the time heretofore been a source of prosperity, by the immense amount of paper-money put in circulation and the impetus which many kinds of industry received from it, are now about to feel the direful effects of the reaction, and to learn the cost of whipping States into good humor, and restoring Union by a war.

Upon the topic of the National taxes, the New York *Journal of Commerce* forcibly remarks:

All accumulation is the product of labor, and the working men of this country have the interest of this enormous debt laid upon them to produce yearly. They cannot dodge it by any device; they must contribute among them in addition to all former burdens what they can begin to accumulate one dollar. It is just so much more taken out of their pay. To stand as well pecuniarily now as they did before the war, all the men who labor must do enough extra work to produce the sum needed, or deny themselves so much in the way of consumption as will save this total. It is probable that, to meet it all, they must do both—do more work, work harder and consume less. Increased toil and greater self-denial are the portion allotted to labor for years to come, and it will be asked for it. Strikes, associations for mutual de ence, combinations against upon the employer's capital, and all this sort of compulsory process to evade the natural law, or escape the penalty, will only aggravate the evil. Hereafter the poorest laborers in the United States were exempt, to a great extent, from the hardships and privations which are entailed on labor in other countries. They were enabled with comparative ease, not only to provide themselves with comforts, but to clothe within bounds the luxuries common to the wealthier classes. Idleness among the laboring population stinted themselves in meats, groceries, or fruits in their season, and there was nothing commonly to show for the prosperous circumstances which was not accessible to the laborer and easily attained as the reward of his industry. This is at an end; and although the truth sounds harshly it may as well be told. Those who have nothing to live on but the earnings of their daily labor, whether they t ll with wary brain or aching sinews, may as well know that they cannot continue the plenty they have heretofore enjoyed. N t till this is learned (and it is a bitter lesson) will the true question of wealth and those who are tinkering at a patent remedy, by which the end result is to be avoided, may as well give over their effort.

THE HEART OF WIRZ.

A lady correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, writing the details of a walk through the old capitol prison in company with a young man, says:

"He kindly offered to take us over the place and point out everything worthy of notice. So we hastily made the rounds of the old building again, and when we had finished he inquired if we would not like to see the heart of Wirz, as a glass in one of the rooms contained it? Had we no a ready dined upon horrors? and was not this a fitting dessert? We hesitated. The urchins put in a plea. They had been our kind. We answered, 'the boys wish to see it.' So we entered a room in which the light was already beginning to struggle with the darkness. A solitary jar upon the window sill was everything the room contained."

"The boys wished to see the heart of WIRZ!"—What a commentary on the humanizing influences of Christianity and the progress of Civilization. Young tigers, also, like to lap blood. "The boys want to see a human heart," preserved in spirits,—and must be indulged. So the *mother* took them to see it, and tells of it through the Philadelphia *Press*.

By whose order was the body of WIRZ opened, and his heart cut out and put into a jar to be preserved as an object for the curious to gaze at? We have read of such infamies in the history of savage nations; but this is the 19th century, and the United States *pretends* to be a Christian nation. Meanwhile it issues tencent shin-plasters, has a stamp-act, robe every negro labourer of part of his wages, establishes a snob-despotism over States, and preserves WIRZ's heart in a jar, in the Old Capitol prison. *Sic itur ad astra.*

SEVERAL years ago a political convention in a neighboring state nominated a quiet, well-to-do farmer for the office of lieutenant governor. The nomin e's gracefully received the committee appointed to wait upon him at his residence, and, after expressing thanks for the honor conferred upon him, informed the committee that he had peculiar qualifications for lieutenant governor, "for, gentlemen," said he, "that is just the office I have held in my house for the past twenty-five years."

MARRIED.

WHITFIELD—GAY—On the evening of the 16th inst., at St. Michael Church, Marengo county, Ala., by the Rev. Mr. HANSON, Mr. F. P. WHITFIELD, of Memphis, Tenn., to Miss LULA GAY, of Alabama.

FOR RENT—

A large, light, FRONT OFFICE, with two Bedrooms attached, on Second floor of our Store. Entrance from street. Apply to
MILLER, JONES & CO.,
322 Front street.
my21 3t

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW YORK, May 20.—Nearly three thousand emigrants have arrived since Saturday.

Jefferson Davis returned to his hotel, and leaves to-morrow for Canada.

The grand jury to-day presented the Tombs as a public disgrace, and recommended the erection of a new prison in some other part of the city. Several police stationhouses are unmitigated nuisances, from dilapidation, insufficient ventillation and the absence of water closets.

Ristori, before her departure, made a new contract, and reappears in New York September 15th.

NEW ORLEANS, May 20.—The rumors in regard to the suspension of the City national bank are unfounded. It sustained a heavy run for two days, paying all checks as usual.

LOUISVILLE, May 20.—The river is stationary, with six feet four inches in the canal.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—The mayor has issued an order enforcing the liquor law passed by the legislature, very similar to the excise law.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The printing bureau has compelled the three per cent. certificates to take the place of the compound interest notes.

Preparations are being made to take the census of 1870 through the internal revenue department. The superintendent of the bureau took the census of the country during six weeks of November, without any other expense than stationery. The total number is 34,505,882. In most southern states is a decrease of population. In eastern states small increase, and in western states a large increase, it being supposed the attorney general's interpretation of reconstruction acts would be embodied in one single opinion would shortly be promulgated, but it is said the practical operation of measures by developing new questions for solutions almost every day keeps that official's hands full. The subject from time to time, through adviser communication, will doubtless embrace all the main points. The attorney general leaves to-morrow for New York, where he will remain a short time, the object of the visit is to consult an oculist with regard to a diseased eye.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, May 20—p.m.—The Luxemburg question is regarded as definitely settled. Napoleon and the king of Prussia have signed the treaty.

DUBLIN, May 20—p.m.—The motions for new trials in the cases of McCafferty and Mooney, the Fenians recently found guilty, have been denied.

McCafferty was convicted of high treason, and sentenced to be hanged on the 12th of June next.

LIVERPOOL, May 20, p.m.—Cotton closed at a decline of ⅛d; middling uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 11¼d; sales, 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs, active and downward tendency. Corn, mixed western, closed at 40s. Wheat, nominal at previous quotations. Provisions, steady and unchanged.

LONDON, May 20, noon.—Consols firm at 92½. 5-20s, 72½. Illinois, 76½. Erie, 42.

LIVERPOOL, May 20, noon.—Cotton opened firm but quiet. Middling uplands, 11⅛; Orleans, 11¼. Estimated sales, 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn opened and declined 6d; mixed western, 40s 6d; others unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Pork, 79s. Beef, 127s 6d. Bacon, 39s. Lard, 51s 6d. Produce unchanged. London markets unchanged.

LONDON, May 20, p.m.—Consols closed 93. 5-20s, 72¾. Illinois, 76½. Erie, 42¾.

FRANKFORT, May 20, p.m.—United States bonds, 77¾.

LONDON, May 20.—Queen Victoria today laid the corner stone of the hall of arts in presence of a vast assembly. The ceremonies were magnificent and impressive, and the enthusiasm of the populace very great.

The United States ironclad Miantonamah has arrived at Gibraltar.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Cotton unchanged; sales, 1400 bales; uplands, 28c. Flour 10@15c lower; superfine state, $10 65; western, $11 70. Wheat 1@2c lower. Corn irregular and 1@2c lower, $1 20@1 28 for mixed western. Oats 1@2c better; western, 87@89c. Rice, Carolina, 9½c. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar very firm, 10¼@11c for Cuba; Porto Rico, 11½@12c. Pork firmer, $25 25. Money is steady at 5@6 for call. Sterling quiet and firm, 9½@9¾. Gold, 137½.

Bank Statement.—Loans, $257,961,874; increase, $4,279,045. Specie, $15,567,252; increase, $607,662. Circulation, $33,632,301; increase, $36,432. Deposits, $201,436,854; increase, $1,004,022. Legal tenders, $63,928,501; decrease, $5,108,138.

LOUISVILLE, May 20.—Tobacco steady; sales 73 hhds at $5@20. Superfine flour dull, $9 75@10 75. Corn, shelled, $1 08@1 10, delivered; ear, in bulk, 86@90c. Oats, 80@81c. Groceries dull and unchanged. Bacon quiet; shoulders, 9½c; clear sides, 12½c. Mess pork, $22 50. Lard, tierces, 12¾c. Raw whisky, $2 23.

CINCINNATI, May 20.—Flour dull and unchanged; choice family, $15 75. Wheat unchanged. Corn dull, 90c in bulk and 92c sacked. Oats steady, 74c. Rye, $1 08@1 70. Whisky held at 35c. Cotton dull. Provisions firmer; pork, $22 50@22 75; bulk shoulders, 8c; sides, 9c; bacon, higher; shoulders, 9c; sides, 11c; clear sides, 12½c. Lard firmer but quiet, 12½c. Linseed oil, $1 47@$1 48.

NEW ORLEANS, May 20.—Cotton unchanged; sales 2500 bales; low middling 25@26c; receipts 2146; exports 6262. Sugar, Louisiana, low fair nominally 12c; choice 13@13½c. Prime molasses 72c. Flour extremely dull; superfine offered at $12@12 50 with very small sales. Corn dull and drooping, yellow mixed $1 20@1 25; white $1 25. Oats, small sales 92@95c. Pork dull $24 25. Bacon, good jobbing demand; shoulders 9½c; ribbed sides 12½c; clear 13¼. Lard held 13½c; no sales. Gold 35½; sterling $13@49; New York sight par to 1@¼ discount.

ST. LOUIS, May 20.—Tobacco bright leaf slightly higher, but other grades unchanged. Cotton dull, 24@25c for middling. Flour dull and lower, superfine $8 50@9; spring double extra $13@$13 95; fall and spring $15@16 75. Wheat languid and lower $3@3 15 for good fall; $3 50@3 25 for prime; $3 30@3 40 for choice; $3 45 for fancy. Corn heavy at 67½@70. Oats firmer 88@93c. Barley and rye unchanged. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky, bonded, a large advance; no free offered and no sale reported.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

For Sale.

AT Public Auction, on the premises, THURSDAY, the 23d inst., the FRAME COTTAGE, No. 36 Desoto street, between Monroe and Hirbey years. The house is nicely studded by ornamental trees.
MARY ANN ADAMS.
my21 3t

Watchmaker and Optician.

L. L. MICHOT, 357 1-2 Main Street,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER, has for sale Watch Material, Clocks, and Spectacles of all kinds.
my21 ff

Notice.

A REQUISITE amount of stock being subscribed, there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Insurance Company on SATURDAY next, the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock, at my office, No. 22 Lee B. ock, for the purpose of organization.
W. R. HUNT,
my21 2d Moderator.

Harvest, Harvest, Harvest!

FOR SALE LOW, to close Trust Deed—

REAPERS, MOWERS,
CRADLES, SCYTHES,
THRESHING MACHINES,
HORSE POWERS,
WHEELBARROWS,

And other Agricultural Implements.
MILES OWEN, Trustee,
my21 1m 206 Front street.

DURYEAS MAIZENA,

For Blanc Mange, Minute Pudding, Baked Pudding, Boiled Custard, Mock Cream, Ice Cream, Pies, Cakes, Etc.

THE Maizena is one of the most wholesome, nutritious and agreeable articles of food in the whole range of farinaceous substances, and is an important addition to the culinary bill of fare. It may be cooked in all the forms mentioned above, and many more which good housekeepers will readily discover. It is manufactured from the choicest White Corn (hence its whiteness and great delicacy), put up in pound packages, under the trade mark "MAIZENA," with directions for use. Is a choice article for dessert and the sick room, being quite equal to the best Bermuda Arrow Root.

Received Prize Medals and Diplomas at international exhibitions at London, Hamburg and New York, for its great delicacy as an article of food. Give it one trial.

For sale at
IVINSON'S,
my21 2w 244 Main Street.

EMMET SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 7 Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

IS now open and prepared to do a General Banking business. Will receive Deposits, buy and sell Exchange, Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, Scrip, etc. Sight Drafts for One Pound and upwards on Ireland, England and Scotland. Also, Passenger Agent for the sale of Tickets to and from Queenstown, Liverpool and New York.
my21 1w THOS. FISHER, President.

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS.

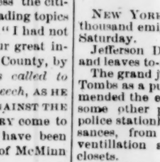
JOHN A. DENIE. H. A. MONTGOMERY

DENIE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hay, Corn, Oats, Flour, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Western Produce.

No. 41 South Side Court Square.
my21 1m



FORD, DIXON & CO.,

WHOLESALE

SADDLERY

—AND—

Saddlery Hardware,

418 Main Street,

ST. LOUIS, : : : : MO.

J. O FORD & CO., Memphis, Tenn. | SAYRE, PLUMB & CO., New Orleans, La.

ROSENDALE CEMENT—

LOUISVILLE CEMENT,
LIME AND PLASTER,

Just received at CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, Jackson Block.

MANILLA PAPER—

WRAPPING PAPER,
PAPER BAGS,
WRAPPING TWINE,

For sale at CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, Jackson Block.

GARDEN, FIELD AND GRASS SEED

In store and constantly arriving at
R. G. CRAIG & CO.'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, Jackson block,
Memphis, Tenn.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between B. F. Haller, Van R. Ellis and John H. Fisher, under the name and style of HALLER, ELLIS & CO., Grocers and Cotton Factors, at No. 40 Madison street, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, V. R. Ellis reatring.

The business hereafter will be conducted at the same place, No. 40 Madison street, under the name and style of

HALLER, FISHER & CO.,

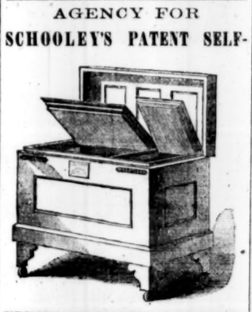
who alone are authorized to use the name of the old firm in settlement.

B. F. HALLER,
VAN R. ELLIS,
J. H. FISHER.

Memphis, May 15, 1867. my19 1m

AGENCY FOR

SCHOOLEY'S PATENT SELF-



VENTILATING REFRIGERATORS

THE undersigned informs his friends and the public that the immense success these above named Refrigerators meet with in this market, induced the manufacturer to REDUCE THEM IN PRICE, to enable every family to the comforts of Fresh Meats and Victuals during the hot season.

Send for circular, and call and examine my extensive stock at manufacturer's prices, freight only added, at the CHARTER STOVE EMPORIUM, 191 Main street, corner Washington.

Dog Muzzles,
Dog Muzzles,
Ice Cream Freezers,
Bird Cages.

JOHN L. EICHBERG,
191 Main Street.
my19 1m

Ice Cream and Strawberries

—AND—

CONFECTIONS.

Orders from the Country Promptly Attended to.

JOSEPH SPECHT.
May 9, 1867. my9 1m

WHITEMAN BROS.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

PRINTING PAPER,

No. 39 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville. | No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED

A Large and Elegant Assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY-GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

—AT THE—

SOUTHERN PALACE,

NO. 332 MAIN STREET.

CARD.

Office Elson Bros.' Mammoth Cheap Store, 297 Main st., May 18, 1867.

ELSON BROS.

NOW HAVING COMPLETED THE ALTERations in their Building and having everything renovated so as to facilitate business, hereby tender their thanks to their friends and the public for the kind patronage extended to them (even while the store was undergoing repairs), and would call their attention to the

NEW, PRICES AND NEW GOODS

which they will have the pleasure of showing to their patrons on MONDAY MORNING:

Calicoes only 12½, 15 and 18 cts per yard.
Fast Colored Lawns, only 12½ cts per yard.
Fine Cotton Skirts, only $1 25 each.
Kid Gloves reduced to 87 per pair.
Ladies' Embroidered Paper Collars, only 65 cts per dozen.
Ladies' Fr nch Embroidered Collars, at only 50 cts, 75 cts and $1 each. Richly worth double the money.
Linen Skirt Fronts, only 18, 20 and 25 cts.
An immense stock of White goods, bought at New York auctions, which will be sold exceedingly low.
Jaconets at 15, 18, 20, 25, 30 and 35 cts per yard.
Cheese Cloth very low.
Nainsook, at only 25, 30, 31 and 35 cts. per yard.
Alicerne, for Ladies' waists, at only $1 per yard.
Infants' waists, very cheap.
White Marseilles, only 60 cts per yard.
All other goods in our house at proportionate rates.

We also have a stock of linen clothing for gentlemen, and will sell at New York cost to close out, as we wish to discontinue that branch of our business. We have:

500 pair Linen Pants, from $1 25 to $4 per pair.
500 Linen Dusters, from $2 to $5.
500 Linen Vests, from 75 cts to $2.

Also a complete stock of gentlemen's furnishing goods, which we will sell low.

Gents' white Linen Bosom Shirts, only $1 25

" " " " " 1 50
" " " " " 1 75
" " " " " 2 00
" " " " " 2 50
" " " " " 3 00
" " " " " 3 50
" " " " " 4 00
French Plaque " " 2 00
Gauze Merino Under Shirts " " 1 25

Our Stock is bound to be reduced, hence we offer Goods at such LOW PRICES.

No Trouble to Show Goods, and FAIR DEALING, Our Motto.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

ELSON BROS.'

MAMMOTH

CHEAP STORE

297 MAIN STREET 297

Between Madison Street and the Alley.

RUDOLPH RUEGG,

BOOK-BINDER

AND MANUFACTURER OF PAPER BOXES of all sizes and descriptions. No. 18½ Jayne street, Memphis, Tenn.

All orders promptly attended to. my9 3m

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of our stock to Dolan & Gallaher, we can still be found at our old stand, to settle up all our out-standing business.
NEVILS & DORSEY.
apr25 1m

Notice.

AT the June Term, 1867, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., I shall apply for Letters of Administration on the estate of Samuel Acock, deceased.

SILAS P. LIGON.
May 6, 1867. my8 1m

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS.

WOLF RIVER BATHING

—AND—

SWIMMING ESTABLISHMENT,

Foot of Auction Street.

PRICE FOR THE SEASON.

Grown Person.....$10 00
Children.....5 00
Single Baths.....25

DRESS ROOM, including Bathing Dress and Towels, attends. Swimming Lessons given three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

A. H. STRATMAN & BRO.

Corn, Corn, Corn!

8,500 BUSHELS No. 1 CORN just landed in flatboat, which we will sell at a small advance for cash.

JOINER & KIRKLEY,
my18 1w No. 34 Monroe street.

W. T. BOLLING. W. H. LINDSTEDT

BOLLING & LINDSTEDT,

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Family and Plantation Supplies,

332 Second Street,

Near the corner of Union, MEMPHIS, TENN.

TO GAS CONSUMERS!

Reduced Price "Gas Fitting."

LUNN & MALLON,

204 Main Street.

GAS FIXTURES at a small advance on New York and Philadelphia prices.

Gas Fitting, per foot.....15 cts
One Light Bracket, l swing.....$1 00
" " " 2 " 1 25
" " " 3 " 1 75
One Light Pendent, No. 1.....1 00
Two " " " 2.....2 00
" " " " 3.....2 75
Gas Globes.....from 50 cents to 1 00
Smoke Bells.....from 50 cents to 1 00
Mica Shades.....50
Pitcher Spout Pumps, No. 1.....4 50
" " " 2.....5 00
" " " 3.....5 50
Non-Freezing Pumps, No. 1.....6 00
" " " 2.....6 50
" " " 3.....7 00

Repairing promptly attended to.
my14 1m

WILLIAM DOUCHERTY,

Late of Columbia, South Carolina,

MARBLE AND FREESTONE WORKS

—AND—

Marble Mantel Wareroom,

No. 99 Front Street, above Market,

MEMPHIS, TENN.,

HAS now on hand a large assortment of Marble Mantels and Monumental Work of various styles. Freestone and Counter Slabs, Building Work and Plain and Ornamental Marble Work, of all kinds, promptly and neatly executed, on reasonable terms.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the creditors of G. W. Trotter in this city, on the 6th May, Wm. McGee was requested to continue in charge of the business of said Trotter, and to collect and receipt for all amounts and deposit same to the credit of Messrs. Pitser Mill co. E. M. Apperson and J. C. Neeley, Assignees, and to be governed and controlled by said Assignees in the settlement of all claims.
my17 2t

To the Public.

E. KECK & BRO. have again resumed the Livery business, in their new, FIRE-PROOF STABLE, No. 399 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal.

Patronage is respectfully given to Boarding, and to the sale of transient Stock, and to the Storage of every variety of merchandise.
my17 1m E. KECK & BRO.

A. S. SWEET, A. H. D'CLERCQ.

MEMPHIS

MACHINE AND ENGINE WORKS,

SWEET & D'CLERCQ,

Proprietors.

ON the corner of Exchange and Promenade Streets, are prepared to furnish or build Steam Engines of all kinds, and Machinery of all descriptions, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

Steamboat Work and Machine Jobbing done promptly.

Agents for Eagle Manufacturing Company, Chicago. my17 1m

E. D. COBB,

Cotton Broker,

AGENT

*Baltimore and Oh

BANKING DIRECTORY.

COMMERCIAL Bank of Tennessee, corner Madison and Main streets.

FIRST National Bank, 14 Madison street.

GERMANIA Banking Company, 24 Second street.

GERMAN National Bank, 280 Main street.

GAYOSO Savings Institution, 19 Madison street.

HOME Insurance and Trust Company, 11 Madison street.

JEFFERSON Insurance and Trust Company, 6 Madison street.

MEMPHIS Insurance Company, 22½ Madison street.

MERCHANTS' National Bank, Jefferson street.

MEMPHIS City Savings Institute, 16 Jefferson street.

OGDEN, Tobey & Co., 16 Jefferson street.

PEOPLE'S Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

SAVINGS Bank of Memphis, 294 Main street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ARMISTEAD & DUNCAN, Attorneys, 15 West Court street.

APP & CO., Boots and Shoes, 360 Front street.

ALEXANDER, J. L. & CO., Dry Goods, corner Union and Main streets.

AMES, BEATTIE & JONES, Furniture, 292 Main street.

BULLOCK & ANDERSON, Attorneys, 340 Second street.

BERNARD & McCLURE, Music and Musical Instruments, 288 and 300 Second street.

BESCHER, SCHULTZ & CO., Hardware, 285 Main street.

BROWN, DILLIARD & CO., Cotton Factors, 214 Front street.

BO—LING & LINSTEDT, Grocers, 332 second street.

BUTT, R. L., 33 Madison street.

CUMMINGS, C. C., Attorney, 258 Second street.

CAMPBELL, G. J. & CO., Abstract Office, corner Monroe and Second street.

CHAMBERLIN, C. F. & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 16 Main street.

CHAPIN, T. W., Clothing, 308½ Second street.

CHILD, DUDLEY & CO., Commission Merchants, 361 Front street.

COHONNA, —, Cotton Factors, 156 and 158½ Exchange Building.

CLARK, M. W., Portrait Painter, Jackson Block, room 34.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, Corner Jefferson and Front streets.

COBB, E. D., Cotton Broker, 204 Front street.

COX & HUMPHREY, Commission Merchants, No. 1 Howard's Row.

DICKINSON, JOHN A., Furniture, 320 second street.

DAILEY, REUBEN, U. S. Commissioner, 75½ Second st eet.

EMMONS & SON, Booksellers and stationers, 19 Jefferson street.

EVANS, D. H., Liquors, 14 Monroe street.

E SON BROS. & CO., Dry Goods, 287 Main street.

EBBERT & CO., C. H., Liquors, Second street opposite Greenlaw Opera House.

JOHN EICHBERG, Hardware, 191 Main street.

FLAHERTY, JAMES, Agent, Furniture, 326 Second street.

FLAHERTY, JAMES, Agent, Undertaker, 323 and 328 Second street.

FARGASON, CORDES & CO., Grocers, 328 Front street.

FORD, DIXON & CO., Saddlery, 148 Main street.

GALLAGHER & RYAN, Attorneys, 257 Second street.

GRENEWALD & LABE, Dry Goods, 220 Main street.

GUMBINGER, J., Spectacles, 217½ Main street.

GLASSICK, & CO. F., Fire Arms, 240 Main street.

GOEPEL LEOPOLD, Music Dealer, 375 Main street.

HINSON, S., Dentist, 25 Main street.

HOFFHEIMER, N. & J., Liquors, 276 Front street.

HOLST & CO., J. C., Undertakers, 320 Main street, opposite Gayoso House.

HOLLENBURG & GERTEL, Building Material, 346 Second street.

HAILMAN, FRED S. Saddlery, 90 Jefferson st

HOWELL, WOOD & CO., Dry Goods, 332 Main street.

HILL, HUME F., U. S. Commissioner, 19 Madison street.

HARMSTAD, LARRY & CO. Steamboat and Ticket Agents, corner Main and Madison.

HEINE & BRO., P. H. & Bros., Confectione s, 238 Front street.

HUNKERMANN, G. F., Furniture, 34 Main street.

KIRKLEY & JOINER, Produce, 34 Monroe street.

KANE & CO., Dry G ods, 180½ Main street.

KIMBRO, A. L., Jr., Physician, corner Main and Union streets.

KNIGHT, WM. B., Dry G ods, 195 Main street.

LEVY, DR. & CO., Boots and Shoes 332 Main street.

LAWRENCE & CARTER, Commission Merchants, 328 Front street.

LOCKWOOD & CO., JNO. F., Dry Goods, 221 Second street.

LEVY & MILLER, Steamboat Agents, 5½ Madison street.

LESLIE, JOHN, Painter, 79½ Madison street.

LINSEY & VREDENBERG, Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

LUNN & MALLON, Gas and Steam Fitters, 204 Main street.

LOWENSTEIN & BRO., B., Dry Goods, corner Main and Jefferson streets.

LAVIGNE, F., Hair Dresser, 350 Main street.

MON—ARRAT & MONTGOMERY, Auction ers, 272 Second street, Ayres Building.

MARINER & CURTIS, Boots and Shoes, 249 Main street.

MACK, BROS. & BOHN, Dry Goods, 261 Main street.

McCOMBS & CO., Hardware, 320½ and 324 Main street.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS, Undertakers 317 second street.

MERRYMAN, BYRD & CO., Jewelry, 275 Main st eet.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY, Merchant Taylors, 31 Madison street.

MAYER, MARSCHUETZ & CO., tobacco, cor ner Jefferson and Second streets.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY INSURANCE CO., 5 Mad son street.

McGIBBEN & BRO., Liquors 281 Main street.

MACKEY, GEO. & CO., Grocers, 272 Front street.

MEYER, E. Dry Goods, 307 Main street.

MANAHAN, R., Grocer, 350 Main street.

MOODY & WIMBISH, Commission Merchants, 4 Bradley Block.

MITCHELL & CO, Mine., N E. cor Court st.

MOFFAT, JAS. J., Trimmings, 347 Main street.

NEW MEMPHIS Theater, Jefferson street.

NATHAN BROS & CO., Liquors, 262 Second street.

O'REILLEY, J. Dr., 279½ Main street.

OWES, MOORE & WEST, northwest corner Madison and Main streets.

ORGILL BROS. & CO., Hardware, 320 and 322 Front street.

PIKE & ADAMS, Attorneys, Main, over German National Bank.

PIKE, L. H., Attorney, Little Rock, Arkansas

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST, Hardware 302 Main street.

POOLEY, BARNUM & CO., Jewelry, 265 Main street.

PITTMAN, PARKER & CO. Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 15 Union street.

PLANTERS' Insurance Company, 272 Front street.

PEOPLES' Insurance Company, 20 Madison street.

QUINLAN, Misses, Millinery, Main and Jefferson.

ROYSTER, THEZ—ANT & CO., Auction eers, Jefferson block, Second street.

RO—ENBACH, ISIDOR, Liquors, 254 Front street.

RICE, THOS. J., Lumber, Agents since, between Front and Levee.

ROBB, S. E. & BRADLEY, Hardware, 275 Second street.

STAHL, GEO. E., Attorney, 270 second street.

STITH, F., Architect, Irving Block, second street.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE Company, 42 Madison street.

SHULTZ, A. O., Locksmith, 119 Jefferson street

SCHEIFER, J. F. & CO., Saddlery, 229 Second street.

SCHUH, JOSEPH, Confectioner, Madison between Main and Second

SHARPE & KING, Vapor Stoves, 85, 8 second st.

STEINKUHL, JACOB, Liquors, 234 Third st.

TERRY & MITCHELL, Boots and Shoes, 325 Main street.

TOOF, C. C., Job Printer, 15 Court street.

TENNESSEE STATE MUTUAL CO., Odd Fellows' Building.

THOS. O. SMITH, Undertaker, 59 Monroe street.

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO., Tobacco Factors, under Greenlaw Opera House.

THRALL & CO., Merchant Tailor, 12 Jefferson street.

VACCARO & CO., Liquors, 324 Front street.

VOORHEES & WILLIAMSON, Queensware, 178 Main street.

WINCHESTER & HARTER, Attorneys, 227 Second street.

WILLIAMSON, JR. & CO., Commiss on Merchants, 2 Front street.

WADE, H. & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 288 Main street.

WARBURG, EDWARD, Cotton Factors, 228 Front street.

WASSON, J. B., Dentist, 312 Main street.

WESSON, A., Dentist, 254 Second street.

WALKER, BROS. & CO., Dry Goods, 269 Main street.

WARD & LIGUERE, Drugs and Medicines, corner Main and Adams street.

WORSHAM Hou—e, corner Adams and Main.

WYATT, W., Hardware, 5 Howard's Row.

W. K. SMITH, Undertaker, 70 Monroe street

W. A. ROBINSON & CO., Founders, Main street, opposite Gayoso House.

WHITE KERR & ROOTES, Cotton Factors, 294 Main street.

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO., Wood and Willow Ware, 350 Main street.

SUMMER RESORTS.

KINGSTON SPRINGS.

THIS justly celebrated Summer Resort will again be opened for the reception of visitors

On the 1st of June.

With the addition of new buildings, a fine vegetable garden and everything that the market affords and health, within one hour and a half's ride from Nashville, on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, we are prepared to make this

The Most Desirable Watering Place in the South.

Facilities for hunting, fishing and bathing unsurpassed.

Board per day, $2; per week, $12; per month, $45. Liberal deduction to families.

The privilege of the billiard tables and livery stable is for rent. For particulars apply by letter to the agent, at the Springs.

my19 2t THOMAS R. YEATMAN, Agent.

Montvale Springs, 1867.

THIS popular summer resort having been placed in thorough repair and furnished with new furniture, will be open for visitors on the 1st of June, under the direction and control of the undersigned, proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its retirement and the beautiful surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters, which have induced the pride of board to bestow figures of indolent wh ch appear for this entertainment of our guests. Board per day, $2; per week, $10; per month, $35, with an allowance for families. Travelers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from London, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville, Tenn.

apr5 1m3m WHITE & WHITLOCK.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN W. SMITH is a candidate for re-election to the office of State Senator of the 25th District, composing the counties of Shelby and Fayette. Election on the first Thursday in August.

ap24 tf

FOR CONGRESS—

Mr. Editor: Please announce me as a candidate for re-election to Congress, with the Constitution and the unqualified indorsement of the administration of Andrew Johnson as my platform of principles, which will be more clearly defined in my forthcoming "circular address," and a personal interview prior to the election.

ap9 tc JOHN W. LEFTWICH.

WANTS.

WANTED—

We want a good SAWYER at our mill, seventeen miles from Memphis, on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad. Call at the house of Taylor, Gray & Rutland, 204 Front street, or at our mill. R. OIOM & SON.

may20 3t*

WANTED, AGENTS—$8 50 per Month (or allow large commission) to sell our celebrated Copying Apparatus. We guarantee the above salary or commission to active industrious agents at their own homes. Introduce a new article of indispensable utility in every household. Send for particulars and circulars or address, W. JACKSON & CO., 1185 main street, Baltimore Md. my3 1m

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own interest. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in Memphis, on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad. Call at the house of Taylor, Gray & Rutland, 204 Front street, or at our mill. R. OIOM & SON.

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may20 3t*

LOST--FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID—

A Certificate calling for Four Shares of Stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company; said Certificate numbered six hundred and fifty-seven, and issued March 16, 1867, to one William English, deceased, for which I intend to apply to the Treasurer of the Company for a duplicate of the same.

JOHN McGRATH,
Executor of said William English's Estate.

may19 3t*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—

Several SMALL STORES on corner of Monroe and Second streets, at very reduced rates, to let during the year. Also, SMALL HOUSES, rooms each, in Chelsea. Apply to W. MESSICK, 17 Second street, up stairs. may19 1w

FOR RENT OR LEASE—

My Residence on Bayo avenue, near the head of Adams street. The improvements are all new and in complete order, consisting of five rooms, besides bathroom, storeroom, pantry, servants' house, wood house, cistern, and a good garden, with vegetables growing and ready for use. Also Two neat new Cottages in the same neighborhood.

PHILIP R. THOMPSON,
On the Premises.

may17 1w

FOR RENT—

Two new Dwelling Houses, nearly finished, with all modern conveniences, on Linden street, between Lauderdale and Orleans streets, in one of the best neighborhoods and most healthful part of the city. The street railroad passes the door within a few minutes of the business portion of the city. Rent moderate. Inquire of J. J. RAWLINGS, No. 244 Front street.

may 14, 1867. may15 1w

FOR RENT

Several Dwelling Houses on Church, Vance, Hernando and Mulberry streets. Rents moderate. For Lease—several Lots in North and South Memphis and Fort Pickering. Apply to A. COHORES, 228 Front street.

may15w

FOR RENT

Fine large Basement Store, corner of Jefferson and Main Streets. For terms apply to LICHTENSTEIN & CO., 329 Main street.

may8 tf

FOR RENT—

The STONE HOUSE, on Second street, known as the OLYMPIC.

ALSO,

The ARCADE LIVERY STABLE, on the alley south of Madison street, between Second and Third streets.

apr21 tf GANTT & WADDELL.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

A desirable Stock of Goods, bought expressly for the Wholesale trade. Also, a Lease of eighteen months on an elegant Store, centrally located. The owners have a good business established. Terms of payment easy. Address, through Postoffice, "BUSINESS," Memphis.

my19 3t

FOR SALE—

The Household Furniture of Chas. Northrop, Esq., at House No. 29 Market street, Texas Block, and House for Lease. Possession given immediately. Inquire at the house, or of Robert E. Richardson, No. 24 Clinton street.

may18 1w

Land For Sale.

A undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Land, near Bolivar, in Lafayette and Fayette counties, Arkansas.

This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold as a body, or one-third can be had, the remainder at one and two years, without interest.

Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.

These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.

Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
26 Main street, Memphis.

FOR SALE.

PLANTATION AND NEW STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A PAYING INVESTMENT. The plantation is known as the town of "Lake Utah," on white river, Ark., 75 miles above the Memphis and Little Rock railroad crossing, containing between four and five hundred acres, about one hundred cleared, heavily timbered, together with the water of half interest in a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, (second hand) Engine, Blacksmith's Shop, Carpenter's Tools, Wagons and all necessary appurtenances for running the same. There is a fine Dwelling House, nine rooms, a Cistern, capacity one gallons, three Cabins, a Warehouse, two good Wood Yards, and the best Landing on the river. The whole will be sold at low prices and on easy terms. For further particulars address

JAMES MOORE,
Box 44 Memphis, Tenn.

may4 1tf Agreed Office

Valuable Cotton Plantation for Sale

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 1st of January next, the Dibrell Plantation, formerly owned by Mrs. Sarah A. Mill, situated in the parish of Madison, a few miles above Milliken's Bend, Louisiana. The plantation has a front on the Mississippi river about one mile, with a fine levee and a making bank. It contains in all about eight hundred acres of land, of which about five hundred (500) acres are in cultivation. It is located in the center of the best cotton region in the United States, and there is no cotton plantation on the Mississippi river more thoroughly ditched and drained, and but few so well improved. The improvements consist of a new dwelling house, a large and elegant double gin, sawmill and gristmill attached, Stable, Barn, quarters, &c. The improvements above could not be placed there for less than $40,000. The plantation is fenced this year by six thousand rails. There is no question as to title.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

may9 3w ANDREW R. HYNES, Trustee.

To N. P. Rook, or Any Party Interested—Take Notice.

THAT AT 12 o'clock m., on the 25th instant, at the business house of Meacham & Treadwell, on Union street, between Main and Front, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, six Bales Cotton, marked "O," or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the charges on the same, amounting to the sum of three hundred and forty dollars and seventy-six cents ($340 76), due the owners of steamboat "Natoma." Said cotton was shipped on said boat at Madison landing, on —day of March, 1867, as the property of N. P. Rook, and consigned to Galbreath, Stewart & Co., of Memphis.

J. S. CUMMINGS,
Captain Steamboat "Natoma," for Owner.
MEMPHIS, TENN., May 8, 1867. may8 dts*

SCHEIBLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hides, Leather

AND SHOE FINDINGS,

No. 7 Adams Street.

my8 1m

F. STITH,

Architect and Engineer

IRVING BLOCK, north Stairway. Agent for Baldwin & Son, Patent Solicitors, etc., Washington and Philadelphia. ap27 1m

A. O. SHULTZ.

PRACTICAL

LOCKSMITH, SAFE MAKER,

MACHINIST AND

GENERAL IRONWORKER,

No. 119 Jefferson Street,

Between Third and Fourth Streets,

Is prepared again to do all work connected with the above branches, from the plain Key or Bells to the intricate fitting of complicated Burglar Proof Safes. Come and see, and encourage home manufacture.

☞ Particular attention paid to Repairing Safes. All work warranted.

apls 30

GRACE CHURCH FAIR

COMMENCES ON

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 20th,

At Greenlaw Hall.

TABLEAUS ON THE STAGE EVERY EVENING; A life-sized oil painting of Robert E. Lee to be voted to the most gallant Soldier in the War; A fine Gold Watch to the most lady Goodsman; A superb Clock (in Pooley, Harmon & Co.'s window) to the most popular Bank President; A fine Cluster Diamond Ring to the most esteemed Young Lady; A massive Cotton Merchant.

☞ Fine STRAWBERRIES in abundance, and other Delicacies and Attractions too numerous too mention.

my15 1t

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

TUESDAY, MAY 21, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
Express	1.40 a.m.	6.20 a.m.
Mail	1.30 p.m.	6.00 p.m.
Somerville Accommodation	5.30 a.m.	5.40 p.m.
Junction Accommodation	9.45 a.m.	12.55 p.m.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
New Orleans Express, daily	8.45 a.m.	10.0 a.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday	3.45 p.m.	4.40 a.m.
To commence Sunday, May 5th	3.45 p.m.	4.40 a.m.

may4 C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Boston, Maine, and all cities north and west, at 5.5 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5.30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 5 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Southern Railroads, at 5 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads, at 5 p.m.

All stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 p.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

E. C. GEST, Postmaster Memphis.

Notice.

The public are hereby notified not to pay to any one any bills due THE APPEAL, for advertising since January 31st, unless they have written authority from me.

J. C. DeWITT & Co.
Cashier and Manager.

To the Patrons of the Appeal.

You are requested not to pay any carriers without a certificate from me, and to report at the counting desk any irregularity in carriers.

L. DAVIES.

PERSONAL.—The robust alderman who worthily represents the third ward, has, in company with the city engineer, returned from the north. Both are as handsome as ever.

EMMONS & SON, No 10 Jefferson street, have received The Land We Love for June, Metropolitan Record, Knickerbocker, Sunday Magazine, Nick Nax and Jolly Joker. Give them a call.

REFRIGERATORS.—The best in use can be had at the establishment of John L. Eichberg, the popular dealer in hardware, on the corner of Main and Poplar, who keeps every article used in his line, and on the most reasonable terms. Also dog muzzles, ice cream freezers and bird cages in any quantity.

INQUEST.—Coroner Cotton received notice yesterday from the freedman's bureau that a negro named Joseph Shelton was dead, and that he was supposed to have been killed by one Joseph Kelly, of Louisiana. The coroner held an inquest, and his jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts—foul play, no doubt, having been used.

SENT UP.—Three American citizens of African descent were sent up yesterday. One named Wm. Smith, by Justice Lee, for obtaining money under false pretenses, and the other two, who call themselves Joseph Bolton and Phil. Coleman, by Justice Hall, charged with robbing the residence of S. P. Walker, Esq., of property amounting to about four hundred dollars.

THE TABERNACLE.—The congregation who worship at the Tabernacle will open their fair to-night, the proceeds to go towards erecting a new church. Among other attractions, a set of colors is to be voted to the most popular steamboat. The Robt. E. Lee, Geo. Quitman, Richmond, Republic, Belle Memphis, Celeste and Golding are to be nominated, Capt. Geo. Mellersh to have charge of the polls for the flags.

ANOTHER FIRE.—The alarm of fire about 3 o'clock yesterday morning was occasioned by a dense volume of smoke proceeding from the cook-house in the rear of the residence of Dr. P. S. Jones, on Adams street. The servants' quarters and cook-house were destroyed, and two rooms in the main building somewhat damaged. The loss was about one thousand dollars, which, we learn, is fully covered by insurance.

ANOTHER SHOOTING AFFRAY.—A good deal of excitement was raised on Court street last night about seven o'clock, which was caused by a shooting affair which occurred at the house of Mr. Powers, No. 178. Some family difficulty arising from a late, Powers entered the house and shot his father-in-law, Goldsmith, the ball entering the fleshy part of the right leg. Powers made his escape, and up to a late hour last night had not been arrested. The wound is not considered dangerous.

THE TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.—At the last meeting of the Memphis typographical union, the following committees were appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the meeting of the national convention, which is to be held in this city on the first Monday in June:

Committee of Arrangements—Charles Wilson, Fred Whitaker, J. Doyle, Jas. Brent, J. L. Craft.

Financial Committee.—Geo. E. Hawkins, W. H. Bates, H. P. Crandall.

Committee on Printing—C. W. Winchell, F. S. Vanhorn, Jr., J. M. Spalding, J. C. Ward, C. H. Reelin.

Receiving Committee—J. M. Campbell, C. L. Spencer, M. L. Vanhorn, E. Landvoigt, E. R. Jack, James Forlong, Thos Darden, B. F. Price, J. L. Gibbons.

RECOVERED.—Gen. A. J. Donelson, formerly a candidate for the vice-presidency on the Fillmore ticket, had his pocket-picked at the Memphis and Charleston railroad depot, on Saturday evening, of his wallet, containing money and a number of valuable papers. He was anxious to recover the papers, and offered a reward for them. Detectives Hastings and McCune took the case in hand. Their investigations led them to suppose the thief had gone out on the train for which Gen. Donelson was waiting when robbed, and would, at the first opportunity, rid himself of all but the money. They therefore examined both sides the track for some distance from the city, and found the wallet and papers this morning in a gutter some three miles from the city.

THE LECTURE.—The inclement state of the weather, last evening, necessitated a postponement of the lecture which was to have been delivered by Gen. James B. Palmers, and it seems that the state of the weather is either not in a very good humor or that he goes to sleep and leaves the windows of heaven open on lecture nights, as we have had rather unpropitious weather for the last two months for the people to attend these interesting exercises at the Tabernacle. The lecture will be delivered next Tuesday evening, by Gen. Chalmers, and his subject will be, "Obedience to Law." Mr. James Sullivan was called upon last evening by the small crowd in attendance, and responded by reciting Oliver Wendell Holmes' humorous lecture, "The September Gale," and was warmly applauded. We hope that everybody that can possibly attend will consider it their duty to do so on next Tuesday evening, and let a large house greet the distinguished lecturer.

A NOBLE AND PRAISEWORTHY ACTION—OUR MERCHANTS UNANIMOUS IN COMING TO THE RESCUE.—Over seventy-five of our principal houses propose to close their doors to-morrow, to give their employees an opportunity of patronizing this most worthy and charitable object, the tournament. There are many houses the committee did not have time to wait upon, and if their names do not appear as assisting in this noble cause, they must not feel that they were slighted intentionally.

We, the undersigned merchants of Memphis, propose to close our houses to-morrow for the purpose of allowing ourselves, as well as employees, an opportunity of attending the tournament for the benefit of the widows and orphans, provided it is a general thing.

Foster, Gwyn & Co, Taylor, Gay & Rutland, Orgill Bros & Co, Adylett, Robinson & Co, A J Roach & Co, R D Jones & Co, A Vaccarro & Co, Meacham & Treadwell, Newton, Ford & Co, T T Green & Co, Williamson, Hill & Co, Farguson, Cordes & Co, L M Wolcott, Anderson, Gay & Bugler, Galbreath, Steward & Co, Howell, Wood & Co, McCombs & Co, Partee & Harbert, Eastland & Gilbert, J H Waggoner & Co, F H Clark & Co, Sproule & McCown, Walker, Bros & Co, J H Lowensteine & Bro, Shloss & Bro, G W Jones & Co, J O Ford & Co, Menken & Bros, Pooley, Barnum & Co, Wallace & Gibson, Merriman, Byrd & Co, Garthwaite, Lewis & Stewart, Muir, Stebbins & Pullen, Voorheis & Williamson, Loeb & Bros, J G T Junkerman, Drake & Co, J T Handlan & Co, Wm Jehle & Bro, H Wade & Co, Mansfield & Higbee, Robeson, Mitchell & Co, Lindaur, Arnold & Co, Rice, Stix & Co, Megibbon Bros, Simpson, Hadden & Co, Lewis, Mathews & Co, Lacey & McGhee, Guy, Alden & McCrane, Bartlett, Gould & Blakemore, Pearce, Park & Co, George, Mackey & Co, Brown, Dillard & Co, Rice & Judah, Keel & Co, Isidor Rosenbach, Stratton, Goyer & Co, Taylor, Cook & Co, Choate & Co, J Peres & Son, E M Apperson & Co, F Titus & Co, M Bloom & Co, Paul & Crockett, Harris, Cochran & Co, Farrington & Howell, Martin Walt & Co, N J Hoffheimer & Co, R S Taylor & Co, J F Frank & Co, Riggins & Fibier, Briggs & Horton, Wormley, Joy & Co.

THE REPLY OF EMERSON ETHERIDGE TO W. B. STOKES.

A Synopsis of His Remarks.

Mr. Etheridge came forward and was greeted with the most untounded applause. A number of beautiful bouquets were thrown upon the stage by ladies, which the honorable gentleman acknowledged in his usual graceful manner. In addressing the audience, he said he came there from a sick bed. As the committee had made the arrangement he would respond. Mr. Stokes had complained that he did not have time enough to speak on Friday. His friend knew that he never flinched, and would have remained to answer him till midnight, if necessary. He proceeded to take up the letter, which he dissected in a masterly manner, giving Stokes a terrible scathing for having written what he now acknowledged to be a lie. His friend had said only a part of the letter was untrue, but had as yet failed to point out the truth. The whole document bore evidence of the same rebellious spirit. Time, said he, will show where we all stand. Time now shows (pointing to Stokes) where one of them sits. The statement of Stokes that the military commission did not try Etheridge was taken up and successfully combatted. The name of the paper which Stokes promised to produce not having yet been given (another lie he proved conclusively that he was tried and honorably acquitted by a court composed, not of captains, but colonels and majors. He did not wonder that a man who had sympathized at first with both sides could not understand military law, or whether a case had really been tried or not. He had accompanied President Johnson of being the author of this state government of his. The president had asked that equal rights should be given to all men. Had this been done? No. And he would feel that he was unfit for respectable society should he do as his friend Stokes had done, join with the blacks to degrade such white men as he saw before him to-night. Reference had been made to Gen. Forrest, and that he could beat him. Very good; if so, it would be the will of the people, and Gen. Forrest had beaten many a better man, both union and confederate. While the speaker was studying law, Mr. Stokes had been negro trading; this was his friendship for the negro. The question had been asked whether the negro was entitled to hold office; he answered that the colored man was now entitled to all the rights, privileges and immunities of an American citizen. He was willing to give the black man an equal chance with the white man; nothing more. Mr. Etheridge completely demolished the above named assertions on every point, and closed by saying that an ex-federal officer had been denied the right of replying to Stokes at Bartlett. In reply to which Stokes said that he had nothing to do with the meeting. A colored man spoke first, he (Stokes) next, and a colored man afterwards. Why had nothing more to do with it than this: If Gen. Wallace did not speak it was not his fault. Mr. Etheridge here offered to give Mr. Stokes a bonus of one hundred dollars and divide the time with him to accompany him on the canvass, which Stokes accepted. Stokes remarked in an undertone to a gentleman on the platform, that he had not intended to follow Etheridge, but the money would pay his expenses.

THE LAND WE LOVE.—It is as remarkable as uncomplimentary to the consistency of our southern people, that so few of them will continue to patronize the vilest radical productions of the north and east, like the magazine of the Harpers, whose animosity to the south is patent on every page, both of monthly and weekly, in preference to this ably conducted periodical of our own Confederate general, D. H. Hill. Steadily it has continued to improve and enlarge with each successive issue, until now it embraces amongst its contributors the greater number of talented writers in the south, and is nearly or quite on a par with the very best, as it is vastly superior to many of the most noted monthlies of the day. The June number is before us, and contains a greater variety of valuable original and selected matter than we have yet noticed, or is to be found in any similar issue in the country. Not a line has been allowed to deface its pages which by any possibility could produce an evil impression in the minds of adults or children, and no parent or guardian need ever hesitate to place it in the hands of his family or ward. If the Lost Cause was really dear to us, and those who braved the perils of the battlefield in the effort to secure southern independence deserve our sympathy and aid, surely this worthy enterprise of the true-hearted and gallant Hill, whose military fame was so recently a familiar theme throughout the then styled Southern Confederacy, entitles the magazine he edits and in part owns to the most liberal support his countrymen can bestow, even were it less intrinsically meritorious than it really is.

PIC NIC.—We are requested to state that the scholars of the German Lutheran Sabbath school hold their annual pic nic to-day.

TOURNAMENT TO-MORROW.

A Grand Time to be Had.

Rules and Regulations.

The grand tournament to come off at the Memphis trotting park to-morrow, for the benefit of the widows and orphans of the Lost Cause, promises to be a grand affair. All the necessary arrangements have been made, and a large number of entries of gallant knights registered. It is to be hoped that there will be a general turn out to witness the imposing scene. The following are the rules and regulations which have been adopted:

1. All knights will assemble at the east side of Court square, mounted and in costume, on Wednesday, 22d, at 8 o'clock a.m., precisely. The procession will move down Court to Third, up Third to Exchange, up Exchange to Main, down Main to Vance, out Vance to the park.

2. On arriving at the park the knights will first salute the judges by present lance, and then the ladies, preparatory to giving audience to the oration, after which they will be moved around the ring, when the tilting for honors will commence, as decided by lot.

3. At the calling of the knight by the marshal, he will ride out twenty paces to the front, answer to his name and prepare for the tilt. On being asked "Are you ready?" and on replying in the affirmative, at the sound of the bugle he will charge, and as soon as he may reach the starting point the drum will tap, he will be expected to ride at full speed, and within the time required to the last ring, when the drum will tap again.

4. Time watches will be held on the knights to control their speed, and any knight failing to make the required time will be ruled out; and though he should bear off one or more rings, the same shall be considered against the one or more tilts in which he shall fail to make time.

5. No knight will be permitted to drop any ring after bearing it off, as the same will not be counted, but to bear off all rings with him to the judges' stand, and only such as are borne there on his lance will be counted, and there entered by one of the judges to the credit of the knight.

6. The rings will be suspended so as to make it fair for all, and any knight may have the privilege of riding down the line of rings prior to starting, to satisfy himself that they are hanging fairly, and no complaint can be entertained with reference to any things after the knight has started. The rings will be one inch and three quarters; distance one hundred and twenty yards; time ten seconds.

7. Any accident or misfortune that may occur to any knight will only entitle him to another tilt at the ring, or rings, which he had not passed at the time of the accident.

8. The knights will continue to ride in succession until the contest shall be decided. The knight taking the greatest number of rings in the three tilts will be declared the victor, which will entitle him to the first prize and the crowning of the queen of love and beauty. The next most successful knight the second prize, and the first maid of honor, and so on for the eight maids of honor.

9. After which will follow the contest for the silver pitcher, to be presented by the most graceful rider to the queen of May, he crowning the same.

10. When the contest is ended the judges will give to the herald the names of the different successful knights, together with their proper names, who will proceed at once to call them out, and upon the calling of each knight's name he will ride twenty paces to the front, and from there be escorted by the marshal of the day to the judges' stand, and deliver them to the orator of the day, who will proclaim them in succession.

11. The coronations and presentations will take place after the last contest is decided, at the queen's throne, and all knights will be expected to remain in line with their brother knights until the ceremonies are entirely over. Each successful knight will meet his choice at the line and escort her to the queen's throne, where she will secure her crown or wreath.

12. The marshals, judges, officers and different committees who have not obtained their respective badges of designation prior to the morning of the twenty-second, can procure them at 8 o'clock at Court square, or at the ticket office near the entrance of the park.

13. All rules must be obeyed to the letter; any knight failing to comply with the above regulations will forfeit his ride.

P. S.—The lance must be nine feet long, and while tilting for the rings *must* be carried under the arm.

A NOBLE AND PRAISEWORTHY ACTION—OUR MERCHANTS UNANIMOUS IN COMING TO THE RESCUE.—Over seventy-five of our principal houses propose to close their doors to-morrow, to give their employees an opportunity of patronizing this most worthy and charitable object, the tournament. There are many houses the committee did not have time to wait upon, and if their names do not appear as assisting in this noble cause, they must not feel that they were slighted intentionally.

We, the undersigned merchants of Memphis, propose to close our houses to-morrow for the purpose of allowing ourselves, as well as employees, an opportunity of attending the tournament for the benefit of the widows and orphans, provided it is a general thing.

Foster, Gwyn & Co, Taylor, Gay & Rutland, Orgill Bros & Co, Adylett, Robinson & Co, A J Roach & Co, R D Jones & Co, A Vaccarro & Co, Meacham & Treadwell, Newton, Ford & Co, T T Green & Co, Williamson, Hill & Co, Farguson, Cordes & Co, L M Wolcott, Anderson, Gay & Bugler, Galbreath, Steward & Co, Howell, Wood & Co, McCombs & Co, Partee & Harbert, Eastland & Gilbert, J H Waggoner & Co, F H Clark & Co, Sproule & McCown, Walker, Bros & Co, J H Lowensteine & Bro, Shloss & Bro, G W Jones & Co, J O Ford & Co, Menken & Bros, Pooley, Barnum & Co, Wallace & Gibson, Merriman, Byrd & Co, Garthwaite, Lewis & Stewart, Muir, Stebbins & Pullen, Voorheis & Williamson, Loeb & Bros, J G T Junker

WILLIAM ORGILL. EDMUND ORGILL. G. L. DENISON. A. S. MCNEAR

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS IN MEMPHIS FOR THE

Peoria, Moline, Jewett or Cary, Premium and Brinley Steel Plows,

Mitchell's Patent Cotton Scrapers, Cotton Planters,

Marvin & Co.'s greatly celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

NOS. 310 AND 312 FRONT STREET,

Memphis, : : : : : : : : Tennessee.

apl4 tf

HOLLENBERG & OERTEL,

Architects and Builders' Supplies,

Manufacturers of

Galvanized Iron Cornices, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Workers,

846 Second street, and Clinton street bet. Howard's Row and Gayoso street.

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES, Mouldings, Brackets, Window Caps, Tanks, etc., made to order. Metalic Roofing and Guttering done at low rates.

Marble, Marbleized Slate and Marbleized Iron Mantles,

Constantly on hand at all prices. FIRE GRATES AND BASKETS, a large assortment. Minton's English Mosaic Floor Tiles and Marble Floor Tiles; Plaster Paris, Rosendale and Roman Cement; Fire Brick and Soap Stone; Force Pumps, Well and Cistern Pumps, all sizes; French, English and American Rough and Polished Plate Glass, Window Glass and Stained Glass of all descriptions; Distillery and Brewery Work; Soda Generators and Fountains made to order and repaired: Brass Castings.

Steamboat Work Done Promptly!

Agents for Drake's Solar Gas Aparatus, for Lighting public and private buildings. Gas produced without fire by mechanical process. Agents for P. Bannon's Louisville Terra Cotta Works. Agents for Robert Wood & Co., (formerly Wood & Perott, Philadelphia Ornamental Iron Works and Wire Railings. Agents for Badger & Co.'s New York Architectural Iron Works. Iron Fronts for Buildings and Heavy Castings. Orders filled and Job Work of all kinds promptly attended to. As agents for Robert Wood & Co., of Philadelphia, we are enabled to promptly letter or in person, upon all diseases pertaining to medicine and surgery. Medicine sent by express to all parts of the world, when desired.

OFFICE—No. 33, south side Monroe, between Main and Second street (Memphis.

Residence, No. 250 Union street. mys 1m

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

DR. WM. EVERETT

CAN be found at Rooms No. 5 and 6, Southern Home, corner of Main and Beal street, where he is prepared to treat and advise with all ladies having diseases peculiar to their sex. Age and long experience convinces him that all can be relieved, no matter how severe the case, or of how long standing; and above all others he desires those cases which have been

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.

☞ Diseases of children will also receive especial attention.

BE NOT DECEIVED.—READER, If you have had the sad misfortune to contract the accursed disease, known as venegial, in any form, you can be cured if care not in what stage it may present itself, whether primary, secondary or tertiary, without taking one solitary grain of medicine. After ten years of close investigation and practical experience, I am convinced that internal treatment, for the purpose of effecting a permanent cure of syphilitic diseases, is useless, and, that in a large proportion of cases, it absolutely does more harm than good. While under my method of external medication, which is pleasant and agreeable to the patient, I defy competition with any other method known to the medical profession, for speedy and permanent cure—which I guarantee in all cases. In making this important fact known to the public, I wish to state that I am a regular practitioner of medicine; that I am a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Louisville, Ky., and that my method of treating these diseases has cost years of deep study and close observation.

All diseases of the Ear and Eye treated upon the most improved methods.

OFFICE—No. 33 Monroe street, between Main and Second. Respectfully

G. W. McLOED, M. D.

my5-1m

DR. C. SPIEGEL, graduate of the best medical schools of Europe and the United States, and member of the principal medical societies in those countries, has practiced medicine in Memphis for the last thirteen years, and continues to offer his professional services to the public, in the treatment of all forms of disease upon the most improved European methods. My vast collections of remedicines and surgical instruments, with a life-long experience in their administration and use, warrants me in claiming a superiority over the more ordinary method of treating diseases, such as CANCER and TUMORS of every description, which I cure by Constitutional treatment exclusively, no operation performed by the knife. Diseases of the Eye, Scrofula and Skin, Consumption and Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia Scrofula, Syphilis, Stricture, Fistel, Gravel, Piles, Dropsy, Fluids in anæ. in short, all Chronic Diseases, giving especial attention to FEMALE DISEASES of every description. I am always ready at all times to consult with first-class Physicians, either by letter or in person, upon all diseases pertaining to medicine and surgery. Medicine sent by express to all parts of the world, when desired.

OFFICE—No. 33, south side Monroe, between Main and Second street (Memphis.

Residence, No. 250 Union street. mys 1m

Concentration Gives Strength.

DR. F. B. WALTON TENDERS HIS SERvices to the public in the treatment of the diseases of females. So obscure are many of these, so capricious in their manifestations, so perfectly do they simulate other diseases, that their true character is often overlooked or mistaken; prominent among these are, Neuralgia Dyspepsia, that condition of the system commonly called Nervous or Rheumatic, and General Debility, this last is too often but a symptom of some insidious disease which is sapping the foundations of life. To become expert in the detection of these and skillful in their treatment, requires more labor and research than the general practitioner can bestow. These facts induced him to devote himself to this branch of the profession exclusively. To those interested he would state that he has had the advantage of the best medical schools and extensive hospitals of America; also a practice of more than twenty years in this his native State and in the tropics, where such diseases most abound. He is permitted also to refer to Drs. Pitman and Mygatt, surgeons of the army, deservedly high in the profession. Office, No. 354 Main street. Residence, No. 291 Linden street, Memphis, Tenn. my5 1m.

Dr. R. L. BUTT,

Office, No. 33 Madison Street.

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

Residence, No. 201 Monroe street. mh12 3m

DR. G. W. LAWRENCE,

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,

Hot Springs, - Arkansas.

mh19 3m

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,

DENTIST,

HAS Removed his Office and Residence to No. 225 Main Street,

Near the Worsham House.

ap6 d&wly

DR. A. WESSON,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 254 Second Street,

Irving Block.

feb28 1y

LAWYERS.

A. WRIGHT. L. D. MCKISICK

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. my28

JOHN S. KERR. J. W. WESTCOTT. GEO. E. STAHL

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 270 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

J. W. Westcott,

United States Commissioner and Commissioner for all the States.

JAMES T. RUCKS,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FRIARS' POINT, MISS.

ap27 6w*

JOHN BULLOCK. VAN A. W. ANDERSON.

BULLOCK & ANDERSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 340 Second street, Opposite Greenlaw Opera House, Memphis, Tenn. feb17 3m.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. ap8 1f

BARBOUR LEWIS. WILLIAM CRAIG.

LEWIS & CRAIG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Stillman Block, No. 280 Second street, North of Madison, Memphis, Tennessee.

M. T. Williamson will be found at the above. mh12 6m

C. C. CUMMINGS,

LAWYER,

Rear of No. 278 Second Street,

No. 3 Court Place, Memphis, Tenn.

feb28 3m

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second street, Memphis, Tennessee. feb26 3m

S. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Sunflower, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec5 1y*

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER,

PLANING MILL

—AND—

LUMBER YARD,

Nos. 161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Building and Framing Lumber of all kinds. Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Walnut, Oak, Hickory, Poplar, Cypress and Yellow Pine Lumber, all sizes.

Are prepared to do all kinds of Planing and Surfacing, all sizes of Lumber, Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning and House Work generally. Lattice Work, Moulding and Stair Material. All orders promptly attended to. my2 1m

HARDWARE.

Charter Stove Emporium

[ESTABLISHED IN 1859.]

191 Main Street, Corner of Washington,

(Sign of Big Coffee Pot), Memphis, Tenn.

JOHN L. EICHBERG

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Stoves, Grates, Hollow Ware,

CUTLERY, HARDWARE,

Housekeepers' Goods and Tinners' Stock

Manufacturer of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, Roofing and Guttering, at the Lowest Cash Prices. mh24 3m

WM. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

FOUNDERS

—AND—

MACHINISTS,

Opposite Gayoso House,

Memphis, : : : : : Tenn.

ap6 3m

Agency for Straub's Mills

WE have been appointed Agents for STRAUB'S celebrated "Queen of the South"

WHEAT AND CORN MILLS,

Both DOUBLE AND SINGLE GEARED, and are prepared to furnish them promptly to those wishing to purchase.

McCOMBS & CO.,

mh8 3m 322½ and 324 Main st.

BESCHER, SCHULTZ & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

And Agents for

FORSYTH & CO.'S SCALES,

—AND—

Diebold Baumann & Co.'s

Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes,

381 Main Street,

Memphis, : : Tennessee.

mh14 2m

J. B. SHARPE. M. C. KING.

SHARPE & KING,

DEALERS IN

PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVES

—AND THE—

Stratton Self-Generating Gas Light,

No. 330 Second street, near Union,

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

SOLE AGENTS for the Tennessee Stove and Gas Light Company, for the Sale of District and County Rights

Every article sold by us made to perform as represented or money refunded on return of articles.

Articles sent to any part of the State. ap16 1f

REMOVAL.

E. MEYER,

Wholesale Dry Goods

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

REMOVED TO

No. 302 Main St., East Side,

Between Madison and Monroe Sts.,

(OLD STAND OF H. MYERS & CO.)

Where he will be pleased to see all his friends from the City and Country.

Grand Opening of Spring and Summer Goods at Prices beyond Competition.

ap26 1m

FRED. WEBER

House and Steamboat Roofer!

WHOLESALE dealer in Roofing Gum and Pitch, Saturated Roofing Paper, Imported Felt. Manufacturer of a sure cure preparation for the preservation of Tin and Metal Roofs that has given satisfaction for Fourteen years.

OFFICE—Southeast corner First and Market streets, Louisville, Kentucky. feb19 3m

N. & J. HOFFHEIMER,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS!

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,

No. 276 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

PREMIUM

SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS

246 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

JOHN K. MOODY, Late of Memphis and St. Louis Packets, and Vicksburg, Memphis and Arkansas River Packets. JOHN WIMBISH, Late of N. Carolina.

MOODY & WIMBISH,

Successors to

HAINER, MASON & DYER,

Commission Merchants

—IN—

GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS

—AND—

Western Produce Generally,

NO. 4 BRADLEY BLOCK,

ap30 1m MEMPHIS, TENN.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, JR., & CO.,

Storage and Commission House

NO. 200 FRONT STREET,

Store and Sell on Commission.

ap23 3m

JOHN J. BROWN, Formerly of the firm of Dean & Brown, Richmond, Va. REUBEN E. BROWN, Late of Olive Branch, DeSoto county, Mississippi.

JAMES E. BILLARD, Late with Crowder & Co., Memphis.

BROWN, BILLARD & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

VIRGINIA AND WESTERN

Tobacco Agents,

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

214 Front Street, Cor. Adams,

MEMPHIS, Tenn. Will give strict attention to the sale of all consignments entrusted to their care. Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments in hand. Remittances promptly made on all sales. ap18 daw3m

T. B. NORMENT, Memphis. Gen. J. D. RUFFIN, Late of Special DeSoto Co., Miss. T. C. FINNEY, Memphis.

NORMENT, RUFFIN & FINNEY,

(Successors to T. B. Norment & Co.)

Cotton Factors

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 304 Front Street, Up Stairs,

In Mosby Block, **MEMPHIS, TENN.**

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. mh21 tf

HUBBELL, HUSTON & CO.,

(Formerly of Memphis),

PROVISION DEALERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 7 S. Commercial Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

ORDERS for Provisions, Flour, Grain, etc., filled promptly. Refer to Memphis Merchants generally. mh30 2m*

N. CORONNA,

Commission Merchant

AND

COTTON FACTOR

Nos. 156 & 158½ Exchange Building,

Front Street, **MEMPHIS, TENN.**

feb6 3m

To Shippers of Cotton.

HAVING completed arrangements with my correspondents in New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, I am prepared to make liberal cash advances on consignments of Cotton to them. To the advantages afforded by my New Orleans connection, I would invite especial attention.

N. CORONNA,

Commission Merchant and Cotton Factor, Nos. 156 and 158½, Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

ap16 1m

COX & HUMPHREY,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

No. 1 Howard's Row,

mh21 3m **MEMPHIS, TENN.**

E. D. LAWRENCE, Memphis, Tenn. C. B. CARTER, Late with Halliday Bros., Cairo.

LAWRENCE & CARTER,

GENERAL COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

No. 228 Front Street, (Up Stairs),

mh2 3m **MEMPHIS, TENN.**

LEE CRANDALL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

198 Gravier Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

M'COMBIE & CHILD,

No. 61 Broad Street,

NEW YORK.

feb27 6m

F. M. WHITE, Pres't Miss. and Tenn. R. R. JOHN KERR, Formerly of Augusta, Ga. GEO. F. ROOTES, late Gordon & Rootes, St. Louis.

WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,

COTTON FACTORS

AND General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, No. 394 Main street, Gayoso Block, Memphis. Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, Etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. mh8 3m

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

J. C. FORBES & CO.,

Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

General Commission Merchants,

FOR the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce. Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of these articles.

Liberal advances on all consignments.

THOS. CHILD. W. H. H. DUDLEY.

CHILD, DUDLEY & CO.,

Exclusive Wholesale

Commission Merchants,

NO. 361 FRONT STREET,

Between Union and Gayoso,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENNESSEE.

Special attention to all business entrusted to us.

feb26 1f

GEO. MACKEY. R. B. HAWLEY. K. J. B. L. WINN.

GEORGE MACKEY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants

Dealers in

GROCERIES

—AND—

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,

No. 272 Front Street,

Between Court and Madison,

Memphis, : : : : : Tennessee.

mh7 3m

Chancery Sale of Real Estate,

On Monday, June 3d, 1867.

763. N. R. D.—Isaac N. Moon vs. Wm. P. Mathews: Chancery Court of Memphis.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree in this cause, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on

MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1867,

between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 m., the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Situate, lying and being in Shelby county, State of Tennessee: the being in township 1, range 8, west of the basis meridian, Chickasaw cession, and being that part of section thirteen which lies on the north side of the State line dividing the State of Tennessee and Mississippi, and containing one hundred and forty acres, more or less, commencing on the northwest corner of said land and running south to said State line, thence east with said line one mile, thence north to the northeast corner of said section, thence west to the said first named corner, being all of said section in which the 13th District of Shelby county, Tennessee; the other tract being the south half of section twelve (12), township one (1), range nine (9), west of the basis meridian of the Chickasaw cession.

TERMS OF SALE—On a credit of seven and thirteen months. Notes with good security, with interest from date, and a lien retained till payment of the purchase money. Equity of redemption barred.

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

may5 td

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that three weeks after date application will be made to the Secretary of the "Memphis and Charleston Railroad," at Memphis, Tennessee, for the renewal of the following Certificates of Stock standing in the name of James T. Lamb, viz: No. 1296, dated 14th July, 1866, for 25 shares; No. 1474, dated 5th November, 1861, for 50 shares; No. 1826, dated 6th March, 1867, for 25 shares—the same having been lost or stolen.

A. S. JOHNSTON, Administrator.

Charleston, S. C., 27th April, 1867. my1 2w

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND BUSINESS.

We had our usual Sunday storm of wind and rain—continuing all day and well into the night. Yesterday was a warm and sultry day and in the evening clouds made their appearance looking tearful, and as though very little would induce another "spell of weather," which came upon us shortly after dark.

Business on the levee was not at all active.

The river at St. Louis was rising slowly at last report. The Ohio continues to decline. The Arkansas is low, with but three feet to the mouth and thirty inches to Fort Smith, if the Little Rock papers of Friday speak knowingly. Whiteriver is falling fast. The decline here continues unabated, and amounts to twenty-six inches in the past forty-eight hours. The river is now about nine feet below high water mark of this spring.

Arrivals.

Steamer H. M. Shreve, Vicksburg.
" St. Patrick, Vicksburg.
" Louisville, Louisville.
" Pauline Carroll, St. Louis.
" M. Hambleton, St. Fr. river.
" Sam. Hale, Cincinnati.
" Stonewall, New Orleans.
" Belle Memphis, St. Louis.
" Commercial, White river.
" Olive Branch, New Orleans.
" Cora S., Louisville.
" Charmer, Evansville.
" John D. Perry, Cairo.
" City of Alton, St. Louis.
" Centralia, Arkansas river.
" Welcome, St. Louis.

Departures.

Steamer H. M. Shreve, St. Louis.
" Louisville, New Orleans.
" Pauline Carroll, New Orleans.
" Stonewall, Louisville.
" Olive Branch, St. Louis.
" Belle Memphis, St. Louis.
" Welcome, Vicksburg.

Boats in Port.

Caldwell, Charmer, Mollie Hambleton, Traber, Gleaner, Sam. Hale, Commercial, Centralia, Cora S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Florence Traber, Capt. Haines, will go out for Arkansas river at 5 p.m. this day.

The City of Alton, Capt. McPheeters, will leave for St. Louis at 5 o'clock this evening.

The Continental, Capt. Yore, will go out for New Orleans at 5 o'clock this evening.

The Cora S., Capt. Meekin, will leave for Cincinnati at 5 o'clock to-morrow evening.

The J. D. Perry, for Louisville, will leave at 5 p.m. this day. Capt. Finney commands.

The Gleaner goes out for Arkansas river this evening at 5 o'clock. Capt. King commands.

The Commercial, Capt. Davis, Moreton, Smithers and Harry clerks, will go out for White river this evening at 5 o'clock.

The Mollie Hambleton, Capt. Bowman, leaves for St. Francis river this day at 5 p.m.

The W. A. Caldwell, Capt. Woodburn, leaves for Cincinnati this evening at 5 o'clock.

The Sam. J. Hale goes out for Cincinnati this day at 5 p.m. Capt. Walker commands.

Capt. Richardson, the well known and popular master of the Lee, is in our city, having returned on Sunday evening from Cairo. The Lee will be in port to leave as usual on Wednesday for New Orleans, and will take all way freight that offers. A clerk will be found at all hours ready to receive it at the Star wharf boat.

Capt. J. B. Davis, of the steamer Commercial, has just been notified by the postoffice department that he has been awarded the White river mail contract. This award takes effect on July 1st, and will continue for four years. The mail must be carried semi-weekly, and Capt. Davis intends to have his new packet out in time to place her in the line by the day specified. The captain's friends along the river will be glad to learn of his success in this particular, and should be rejoiced to know that the APPEAL will now find its way to their hearthstones as in *auld lang syne*.

The steamer St. Patrick, after making one trip to Vicksburg, has again taken up her old posish at Hopefield, never more to be seen in the bends below until times gat better.

A popular error exists that Mrs. Toodles is dead, but we are prepared to disprove that delusion, as she still lives in the person of a cotemporary. She is alive and still pursues her old inclination of visiting auctions and making bargains. The present Mrs. Toodles made a purchase of five pairs of boots at a sale a few days ago, because "they were so handy to have in the house;" but judge of her mortification, on going home, to find that they were all odd, not a mated pair among them. They were again ruished back to auction and sold at a loss of some $2 50; we can't be exact, but Durff knows all the facts.

We stated in our last that the magnificent steamer R. E. Lee would probably set pegs at Cairo for other fast steamers to jump at, and notwithstanding that she had on board pilots who did not know the cut offs—who, in fact, had been to Cairo but once since 1862, and who therefore had to "shape the river," as boatmen say, and run the bends—she made the trip from port to port in seventeen hours and twelve minutes, the fastest time on record. This is an extraordinary run, when the rate at which the river is falling is taken into consideration, and proves, we think, conclusively that with the advantages of close pilots and the cut offs she can make the trip in fifteen hours.

A pleasant party consisting, among others, of Capt. Henry Smith, president of St. Louis packet line, and Mr. E. B. Byington, the popular ticket agent of the line, came down on the Belle Memphis Sunday evening. They return on the City of Alton this evening.

A very great amount of sediment has been left upon our levee by the retreating river. In many places it is from three to four feet thick. The wharfmaster, Capt. Wilkins, is making every effort to remove it with the too limited force at his command. He should have more laborers at his disposal.

A Norfolk steamboat captain has been arrested for ejecting a colored "lady" from a cabin allotted to white "women." The world moves.

The following is one among other resolutions adopted by the convention of steamboatmen held last week in St. Louis:

Resolved, That we recommend the New Orleans Lightering and Wrecking company to the steamboat and ship owners, and also to the produce dealers and underwriters of the whole country, as one whose success will largely benefit the country and increase the business of steamboats and ships, and as being a project worthy of encouragement and assistance.

Point Pleasant, a few miles below New Madrid, must be an exceedingly pleasant place to live in. On Saturday last, we learn from a passenger on the Belle Memphis, three men were killed, one of whom had cut another's head off with an axe a few days previous. When the Belle passed, a party with guns, etc., were out on the hunt of the parties who did the last killing and had expressed the determination of putting out their lights on sight. If Memphis dont bestir herself Point Pleasant will wear the horns.

We are indebted to Mr. Clarley Smithers, the clever bill clerk of the Commercial for late Arkansas papers.

The *Cashomian*, in an editorial on the Vicksburg packet line, says:

"As to the many other remarks which we have had repeated to us, we care nothing for beyond the one that the editor of a leading Memphis paper promised the line, that should the river editor of his paper again note the dereliction of their boats he would lose his situation. When the said chief editor sees proper to attempt to make the interests of our people subservient to the interests of any line of packets along the Mississippi river, we will cut off *his* patronage as effectually as we have that of the aforesaid line."

There is evidently an error in the above. The only papers of this city which have shown up the conduct of this line in its proper light, are the APPEAL and *Avalanche*, and any boat made by the line about their influence so far as this paper is concerned, is without foundation. We are tied to no interests except those of the people, and advocate no monopoly. The line which has not in view the accommodation of the public and the advancement of the interests of our city, not only has no influence with us, but shall ever find the APPEAL arrayed against them.

The location of the projected bridge over the Ohio river at Louisville has not yet been definitely settled. A route running down on the west side of the Elmtree garden, below the canal bridge, was laid out, but it is now understood that the crossing will be made higher up, and nearly on the line of Fourteenth street.

At St. Louis on Friday the United States marshal seized the steamer J. G. Blackford, in a demand for the sum of $941 18 for stores and supplies. The steamer was sold the day previous for $1000 to Cincinnati parties.

The steamer Emperor was also seized on Thursday by the same officer, for a demand of the sum of $192 30. She was partly loaded and probably bonded out.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, May 20, 1867.

The local finances of the coming week bid fair to be as quiet and monotonous as those of the week just passed. Our banks still adhere to the policy adopted some weeks ago, and lend very sparingly. Gold opened in New York at 36¾c, and was steady during the day, in this market, at 35c buying, with light sales.

Silver is buying at 26 to 27c. Selling at 28c.

City scrip is dull with a downward tendency. Brokers are at variance in their views concerning it. Some offer to sell at 53 to 55c, while others buy at that rate, and sell at 57 to 58c. We do not believe more than 52c could be realised for it to-morrow at the counter.

Police scrip is dull at 70c buying. Selling at 75 to 80c.

County scrip is in active demand at 87c buying. Selling at 90 to 92c.

Exchange is in excess of the demand. Eastern sight buying at ¼ to ½ off, and selling at ¼ to ½ premium. New Orleans buying at ½ discount, and selling at par.

Bonds are dull. The only sale reported was one lot of $3000 of Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds at 70c. Other bonds and stocks nominal as follows: Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, 15 to 20c. Memphis and Little Rock first mortgage bonds, no sale; Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds, 70c; Tennessee bonds, with coupons, 65 to 70c; Tennessee bonds, new, 65 to 70c; Mobile and Ohio railroad bonds, no sale; Memphis city coupons, 55 to 57c; Memphis city railroad stock, 30c.

We have to report an upward movement in Bank of Tennessee money. In other banks the market is dull.:

TENNESSEE BANKS.	
Bank of Chattanooga par	Merchant's Bank 90
" Memphis ..par	Ocoee " 10
" Middle Tenn.90	Planters' " 97
" Ten. old iss'e.35	Southern " 20
" W. Tenn.....50	Shelbyville " 80
City B'k Nashville...50	Traders' " 90
Commercial Bank par	Union " 97

The Bank of England was incorporated, 1694, in consideration of the capital, £1,200,000, being lent to the government at 8 per cent. When first established the bank notes were at 20 per cent. discount, and as late as 1754 they were under par.

The supreme court has virtually decided Texas to be "a state in the union," by granting an injunction to restrain the payment of certain Texas bonds, to the parties to whom it is alleged they were sold during the war, by parties in armed hostility to the United States, who had seized the archives of the treasury and the property of the state.

The supreme court at Washington on the 16th inst. rendered decisions sustaining the legal tender act. A mercantile firm in Washington claimed to have made a special deposit in gold with Riggs & Co., bankers, prior to the passage of the legal tender act. Subsequent to its passage, the defendants declined to pay "in kind," but made a tender of treasury notes, which the plaintiffs refused to accept, and brought their action to compel the payment in gold. In order to show on the trial a special contract to pay in gold, evidence was offered of an arrangement made generally in the District of Columbia, where the action was brought between depositors and other bankers at the time gold commenced declining, by which currency which deposits were to be paid "in kind." This evidence was excluded, and the legal tender act being held constitutional, judgment was given for the defendants, and the case was appealed. Justice Clifford read the opinion of the court, affirming the judgment below; holding that the evidence offered was properly excluded, as the judgment below was that the legal tender act was constitutional. This affirmation is equivalent to a direct finding in the case by the supreme court to that effect although the question is not discussed further than to say that the deposit was payable in legal money of the United States, meaning thereby treasury notes, which were tendered by the defendants.

The treasury department reports the amount of securities deposited by the national banks for circulating notes, $340,641,450; securities held for deposits of public moneys, $38,962,950. National bank currency issued, $322,800; amount in actual circulation, $288,953,954; fractional currency redeemed, $447,869; receipts of internal revenue for the week, $2,573,429. Total to date for the fiscal year, $82,752,471.

A number of revenue officers have been accused of swindling transactions and attempts have been made to effect their removal. But the president hesitates for he rightly enough says, if he accedes to the importunities which call for the removal, he will be accused of violating the tenure of office act. This is one among the effects of congressional interference with the rights of the executive. The action of congress makes it unsafe to put a bad man out of office.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, May 20, 1867, 8 p.m.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

There was but little activity displayed in the general markets to-day. Small orders from the interior continue to flow in, and compose the bulk of the business doing. The high prices yet demanded for everything compels consumers to limit their orders to only what is actually required for immediate use. The indications of the crops all over the upper country point to an early decline in prices of provisions.

COTTON—The market remains much the same as we left it on Saturday. But few sales were reported—buyers being indifferent and sellers awaiting better prices. The limited transactions of the day were on a basis of 25c for middling. Receipts, 347 bales; shipments, none.

Ordinary	19 @21
Good Ordinary	21 @23
Low Middling	23 @24
Middling	24 @25
Strict Middling	25 @27
Good Middling	27 @—

The following circular has been issued by the department:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, May 13, 1867.

S. J. McGroarty, Esq., Collector, Second District of Ohio.

Sir: * * * Your attention is also especially called to the enforcement of the regulations concerning the transportation and storage of spirits in bond. The regulations published in series 2, No. 9, on page 9, provides that distilled spirits may be transported from the distillery to any general bonded warehouse class B, or from the bonded warehouse in which they are first deposited to any other bonded warehouse class B.

For the purpose of facilitating trade, this regulation was so constructed as to allow any number of removals in bond. It was not anticipated that this privilege would be abused to the detriment of the government, but experience has demonstrated that it has not only operated to delay the payment of taxes on spirits, but has been prostituted to the perpetration of enormous frauds. It is therefore deemed absolutely necessary, in order to protect the public interests, to return to a strict and literal construction of the law of 1866, and the aforesaid regulations.

Hereafter, therefore, no withdrawal of spirits from a general bonded warehouse will be allowed for transportation in bond, except to the Pacific states; the only withdrawals allowed being for exportation, for redistillation or rectification, or upon payment of tax. Where a general bonded warehouse is substituted for a distillery warehouse, in accordance with the provisions of the recent statute, transportation will be allowed to any one other general bonded warehouse.

E. A. ROLLINS, Com'r.

From the monthly report of the director of the bureau of statistics, we learn that the exports from the United States in the first quarter of the present year, were about one hundred and thirty-three millions of dollars worth, and that of this amount the southern states furnished ninety-two millions. This is a surprising record, for it shows that these states contributed 70 per cent. of the whole of our exports for the time mentioned. Upon the amount of our exports depend, it must be recollected, the amount of our customs revenues, and in this statement we see the proportion which the industry of these states pays to the revenue. It has been too much the habit at the north to depreciate the value and importance of that industry. While it ought to be fostered—while every means should be taken to develope and increase it—the ultra radical policy tends directly to its discouragement and annihilation.

APPLES—The supply is light—demand good. Selling at $8 to $10 per bbl. Receipts, 13 bbls.

BRAN—There is only a moderate supply. Held firm at $42 to $43 per ton. Receipts, 120 sacks.

BUTTER—A large stock, with fair demand for choice. Selling at 28 to 32c. Common is dull and selling at 15 to 25c, as to quality. Receipts, 129 tubs and 48 kegs.

BEANS—Are scarce with moderate demand. Navy held at $3 to $3 50 per bushel.

CHEESE—Nearly out of market; western reserve, 17 to 19c; English dairy, 18 to 20c. Receipts, 2 boxes.

COFFEE—A fair stock and demand. Rio, 26 to 27½c; Laguayra, 35 to 38c; Java, 42 to 44c. Receipts, 94 sacks.

CORN—Receipts very good, and prices are steady. Selling on levee at $1 26 to $1 30; from store at $1 30 to $1 35. There is very little prime in market. Receipts, 4451 sacks.

CORNMEAL—There is a good supply and demand. Kilndried sells at $6 to $6 15 on levee; fresh ground, $5 to $5 50. From store about 25c per bbl. higher. Receipts, 733 sacks.

EGGS—Large receipts and market dull. Fresh packed, 17 to 19c. Receipts, 68 packages.

FLOUR—There is but a light demand outside the retail market, with prices firm. Common, $9 to $10; superfine, $10 50 to $12; X, $12 50 to $14; XX, $15 to 16; XXX and all fancy brands, $17 to $20. Receipts, 325 bbls.

HIDES—There is an active demand for all kinds. Green 8 to 9c; green salted, 10 to 11c; dry flint, 16 to 17c. Receipts, 103.

HAY—A light demand, with heavy stock of common, and little prime. Selling on levee at $26 to $30 for latter, and former at $24 to $25. Receipts, 30 bales.

IRON TIES—The demand has ceased. Held at 11 to 12c per lb.

LARD—Fair stock and moderate call. Tierces, 13 to 13½c; kegs, 14 to 14½c. Receipts, 23 kegs.

LIME—Not active, with a good supply. Ohio, $1 30 to $1 50; Cape, $2 50 to $3. Receipts, none.

MOLASSES—The supply is not large, and demand fair. Common, 75 to 90c; choice, 95c to $1; syrup, $1 to $1 50. Receipts, 15 half bbls.

MACKEREL—There is a good stock on hand. Prices are steady at $23 to $24 for No. 1; $22 to $23 for No. 2; $20 for No. 3. Half barrels and kits in proportion.

OILS—A good stock of all kinds on hand. Coal, common, 48 to 52c; extra, 55 to 57c; lard, $1 15 to $1 50; strain, $1 20 to $1 30; linseed, $1 50 to $1 70; sperm, $1 75 to $2.

OATS—The receipts are fair, and prices weak. We quote on levee at 93 to 96c. Receipts, 1635 sacks.

ONIONS—No good in market. Can be bought from $2 to $3 per barrel. Receipts, none.

PROVISIONS—There is a good supply on hand, and prices are firm. Mess pork is selling at $24 to $24 50 prime mess, $22 to $22 50; clear sides, 12½ to 13½c; clear rib, 12½ to 12¾c; plain sugar cured hams, 14 to 15c; canvassed hams, 17 to 17½c; breakfast bacon, 16 to 18c. Receipts, bacon, 15 casks and 55 tierces; pork, 2 bbls., 7 casks and 47 boxes.

POULTRY—Chickens are scarce and in demand. Selling at $6 50 to $7 per doz.

POTATOES—Are in large supply and heavy. Selling at any price from $2 to 2 50 per bbl. Receip